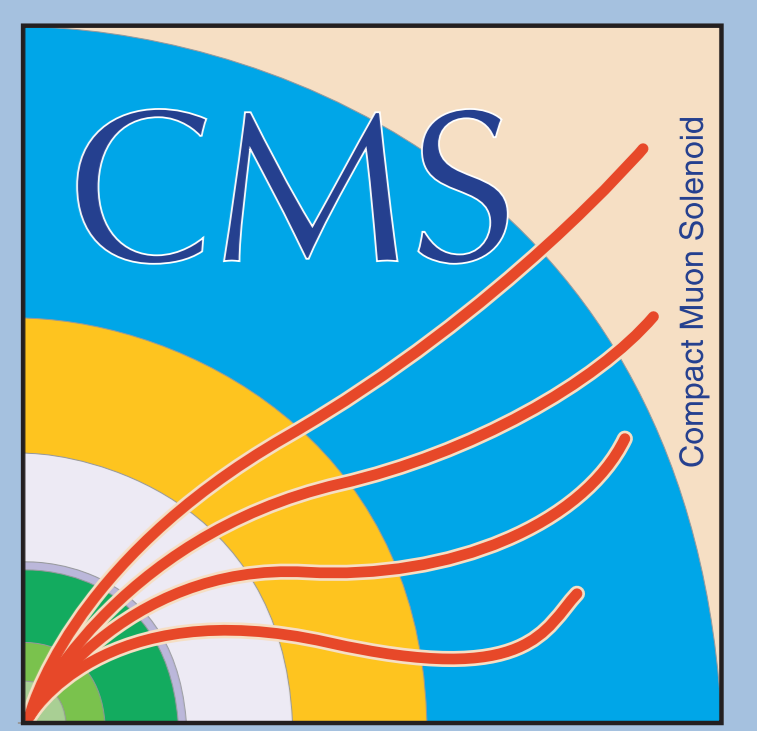


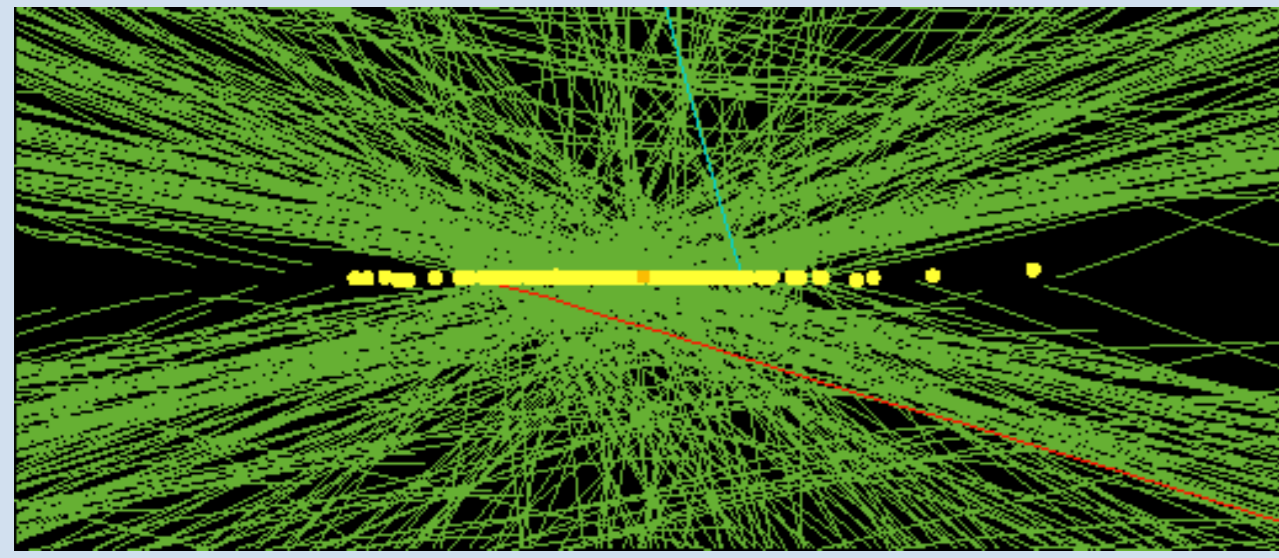


Automated Assembly of *stacked* sensor modules for the CMS outer tracker upgrade



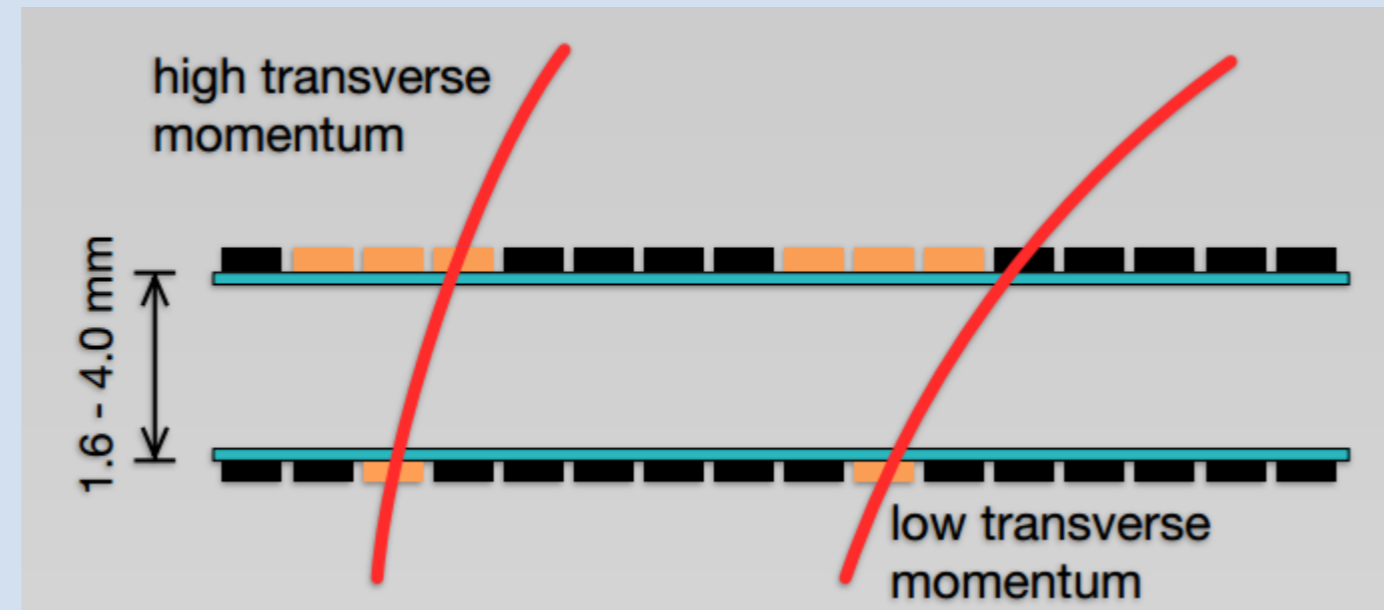
James Keaveney, DESY

1 P_T discrimination in the module

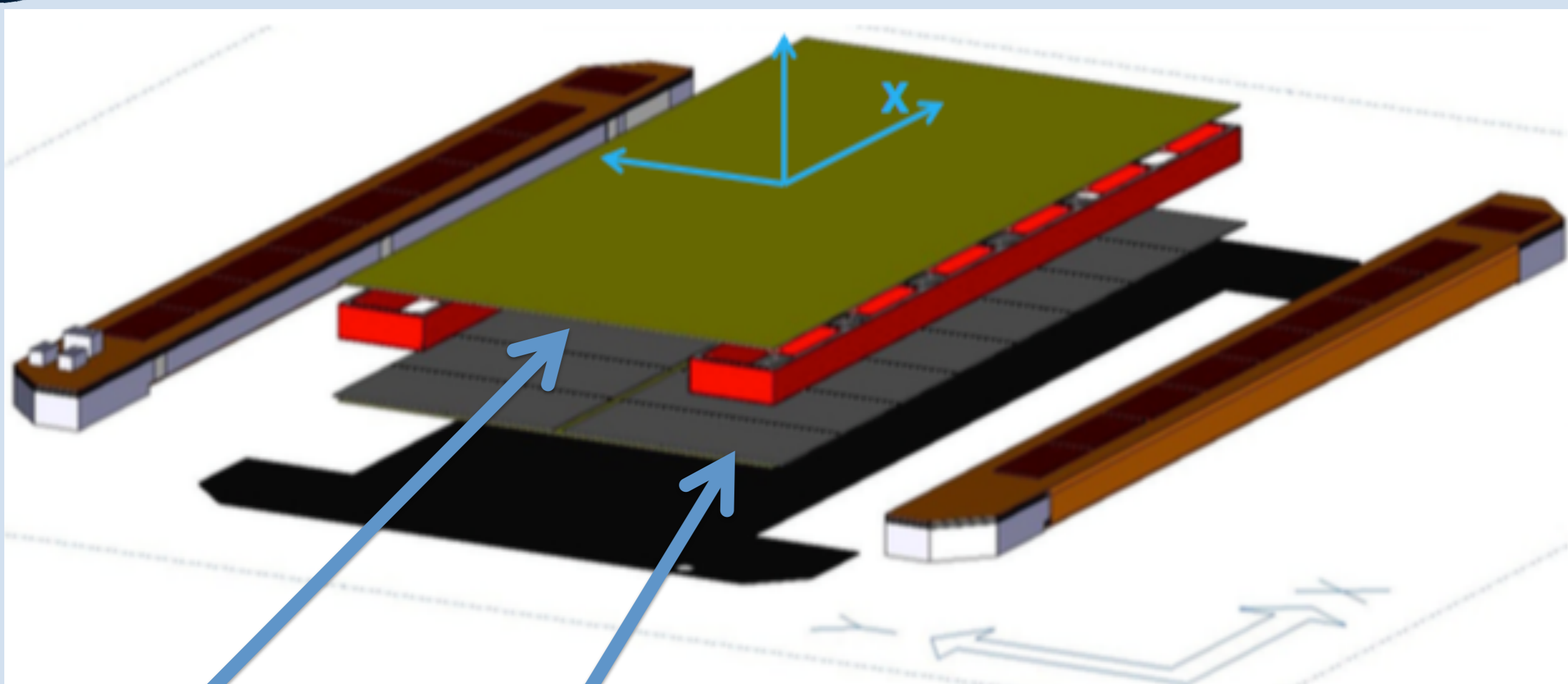


Conditions of the future High-Luminosity LHC demand a drastic data reduction at trigger level

Novel *stacked* sensor module allows track P_T discrimination at the hit level via matching of hits in closely spaced sensors

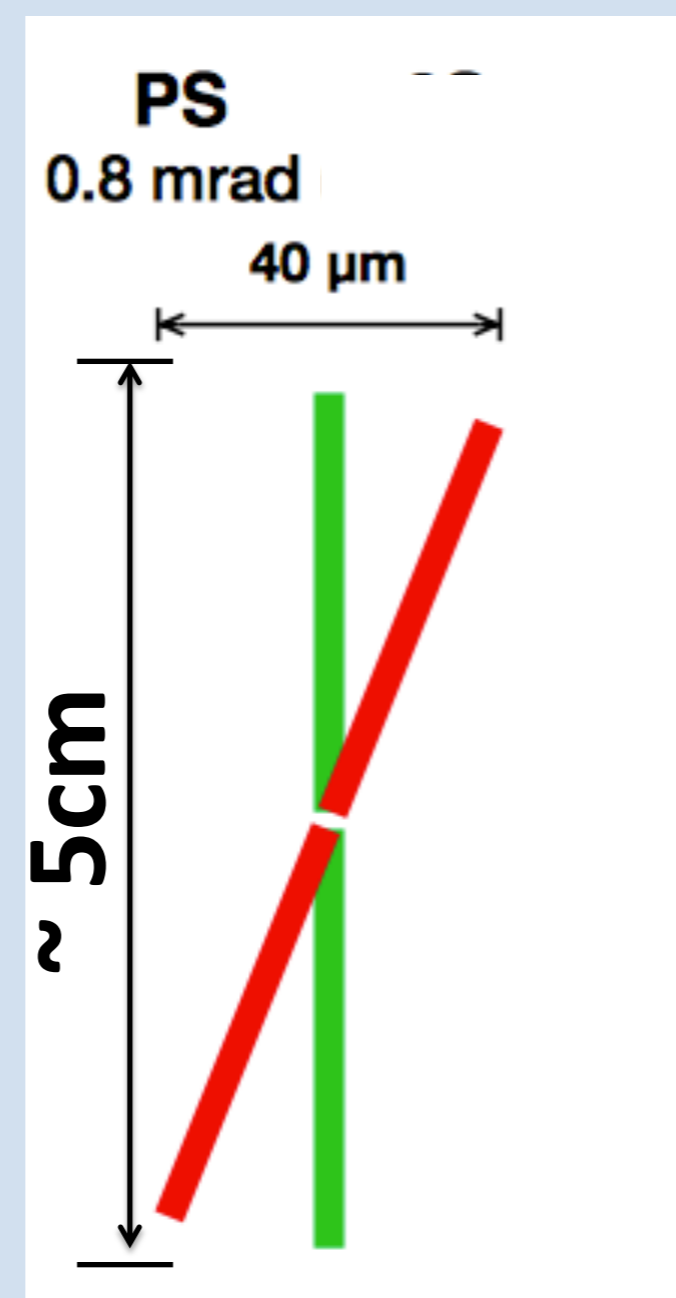


2 Module design



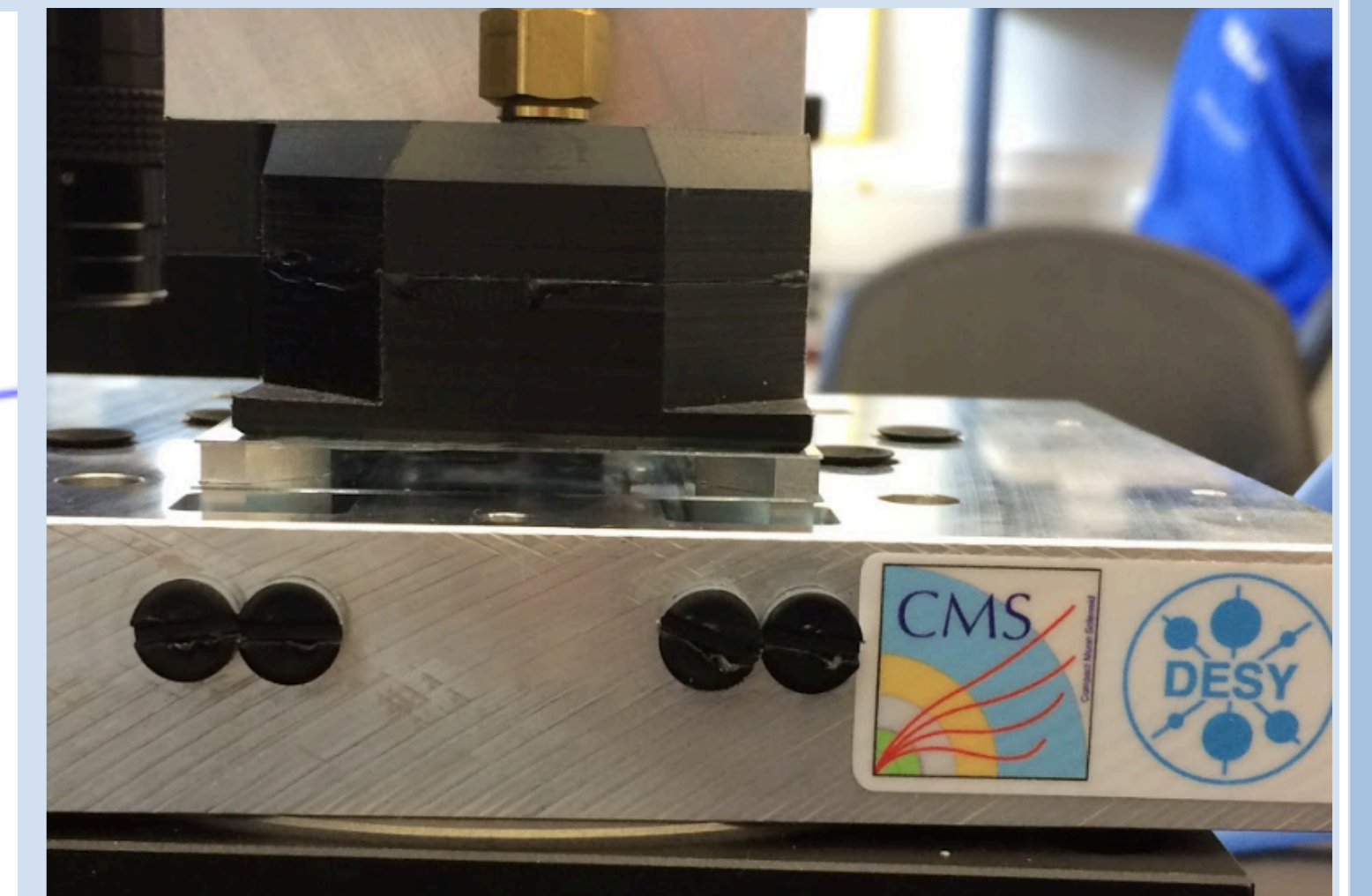
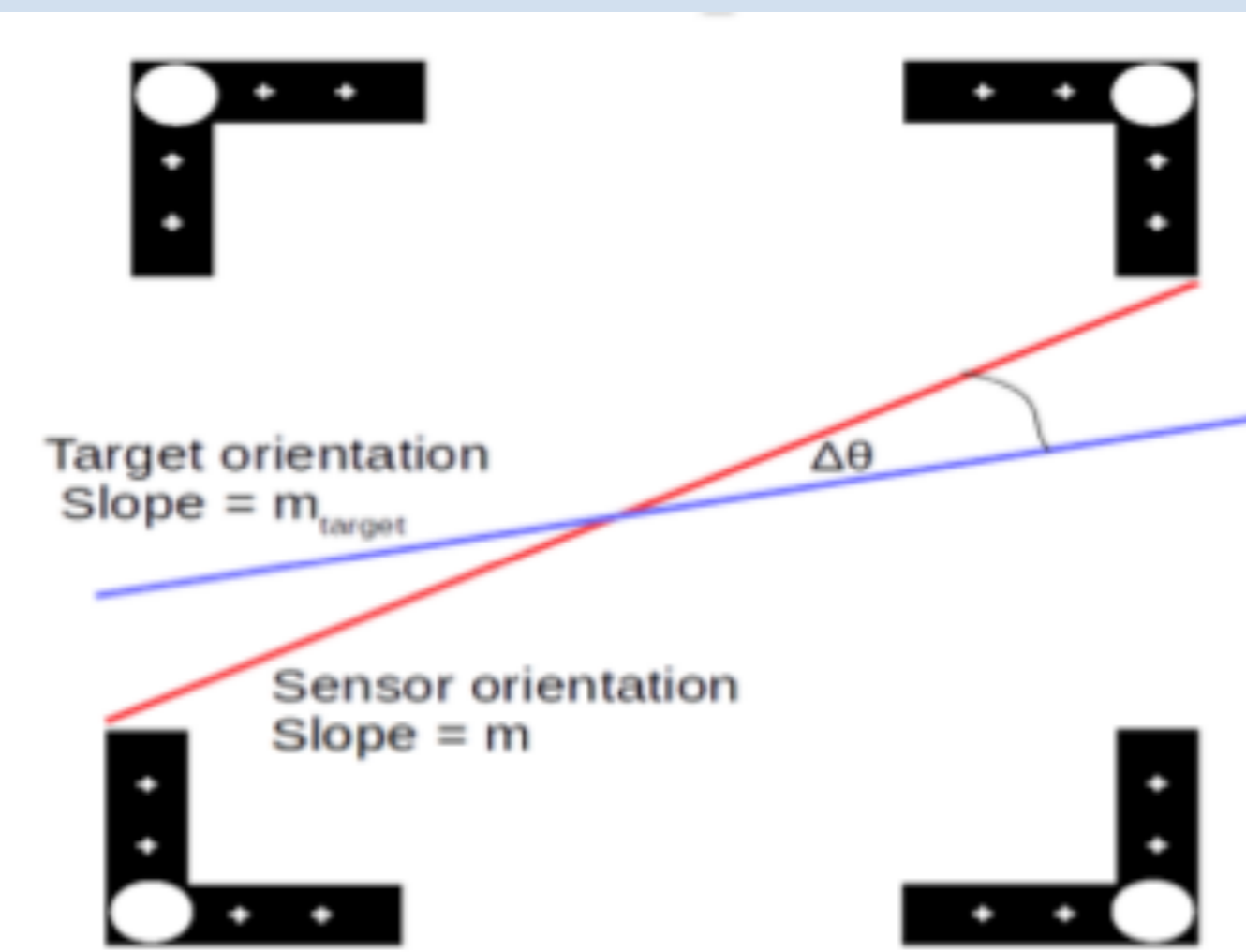
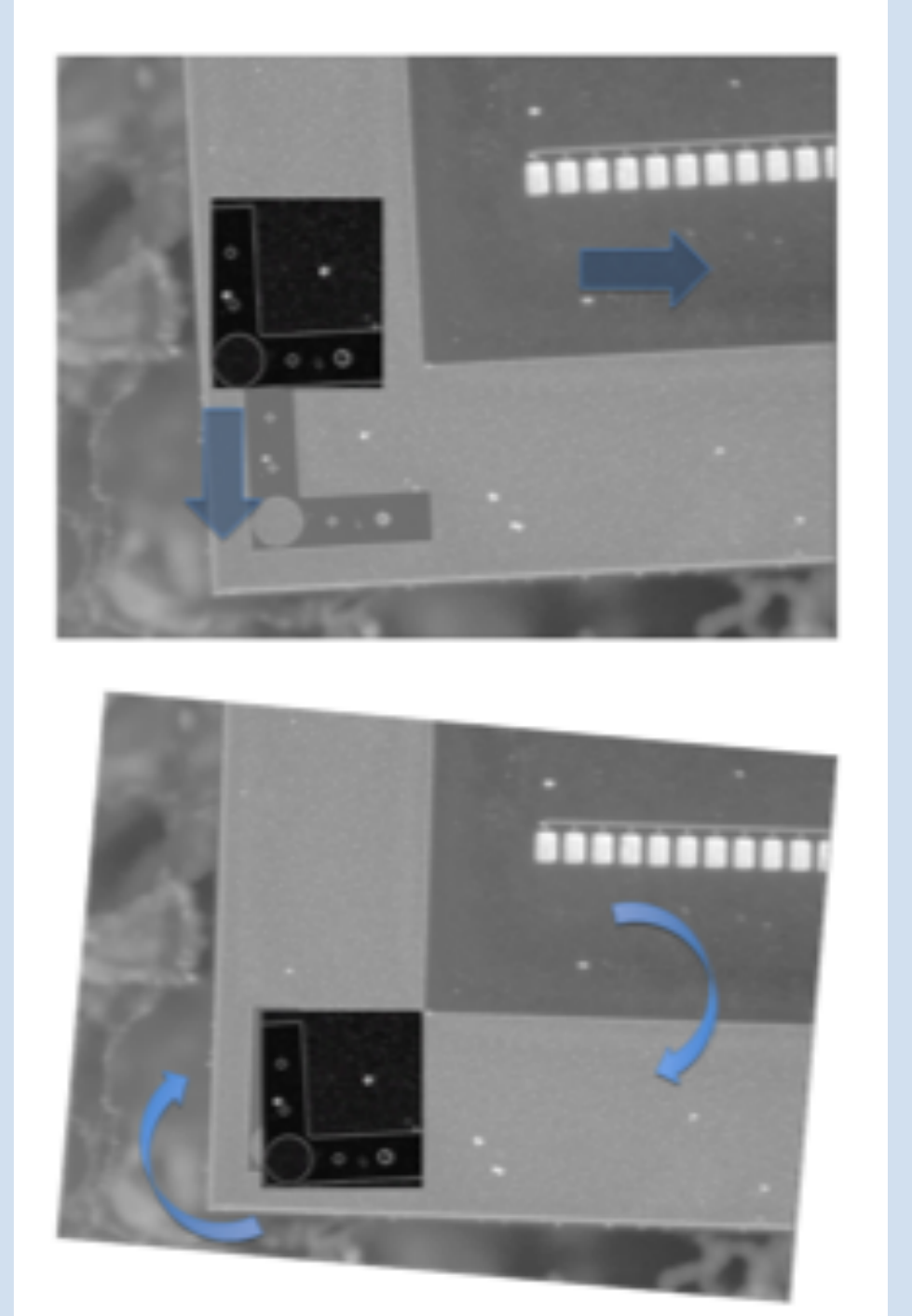
Strip and macro-pixel sensors separated by spacers

- Matching of hits in sensors requires relative rotational alignment of sensors to 0.8 mrad.
- Represents a significant challenge
 - 14k modules in upgrade outer tracker



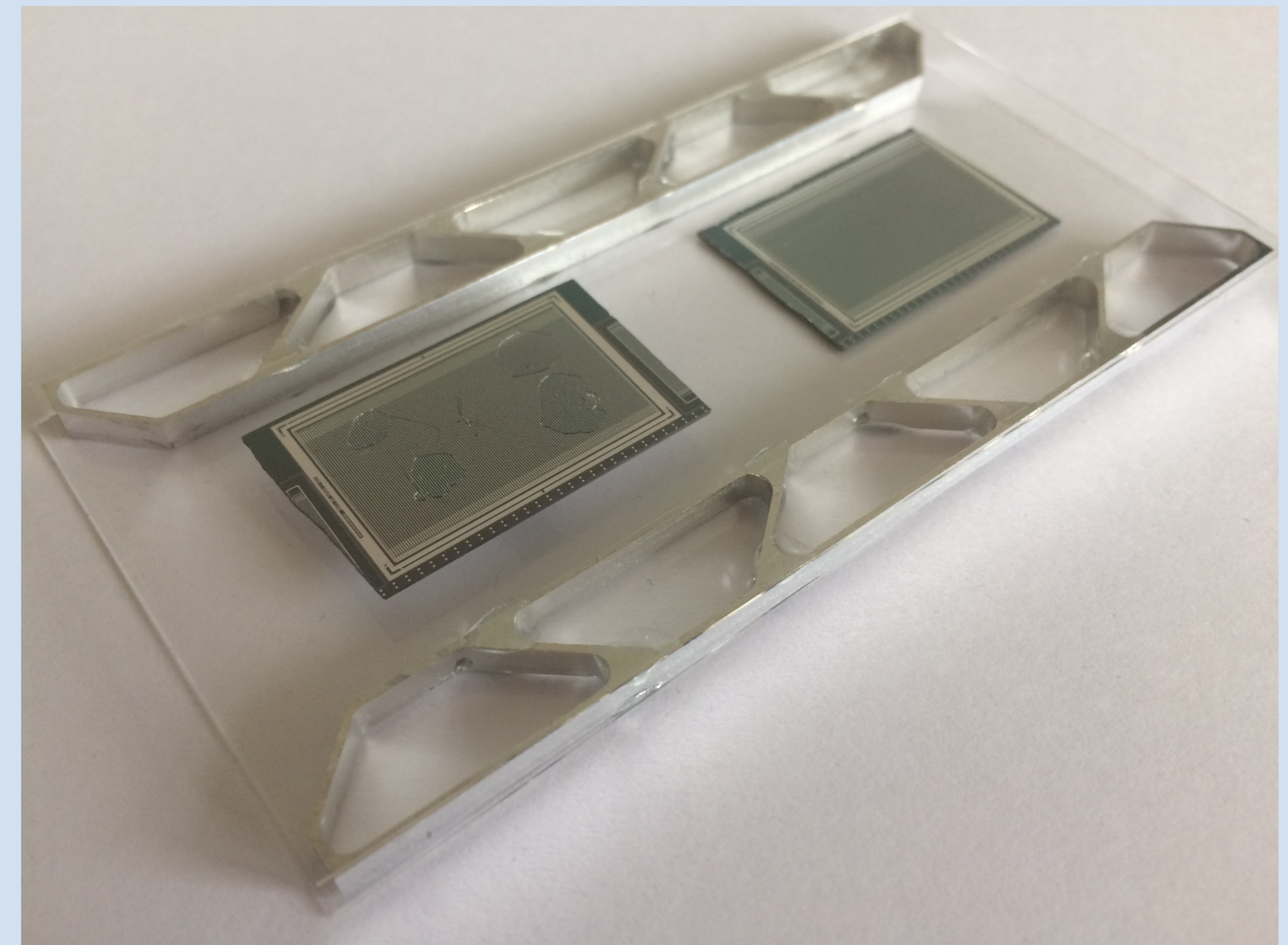
4 Assembly procedure

- Camera acquires images of corner markers on sensors
- Pattern recognition based on *template matching* automatically deduces X-Y and angular orientation of sensor.
- Image acquisition, pattern recognition vacuum and motion control integrated in dedicated Qt application



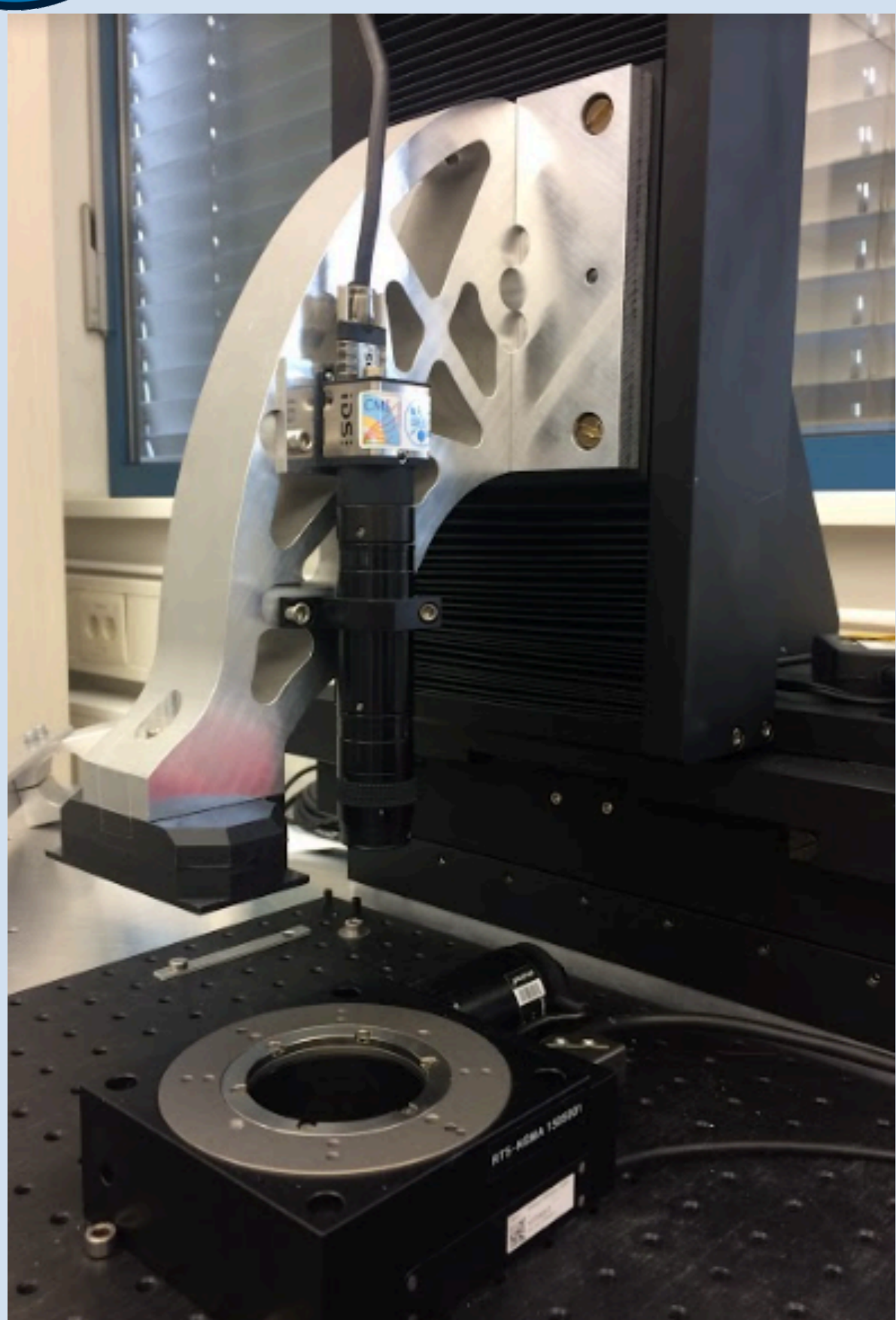
- Sensors brought to same X,Y and angle using motion system
- Sensors lowered onto spacers and glued to form assembly

5 Prototypes



- Prototypes constructed with Silicon structures, glass dummies and Aluminium spacers.
- Alignment precision approaching target
- Build time ~80 minutes

3 Hardware setup

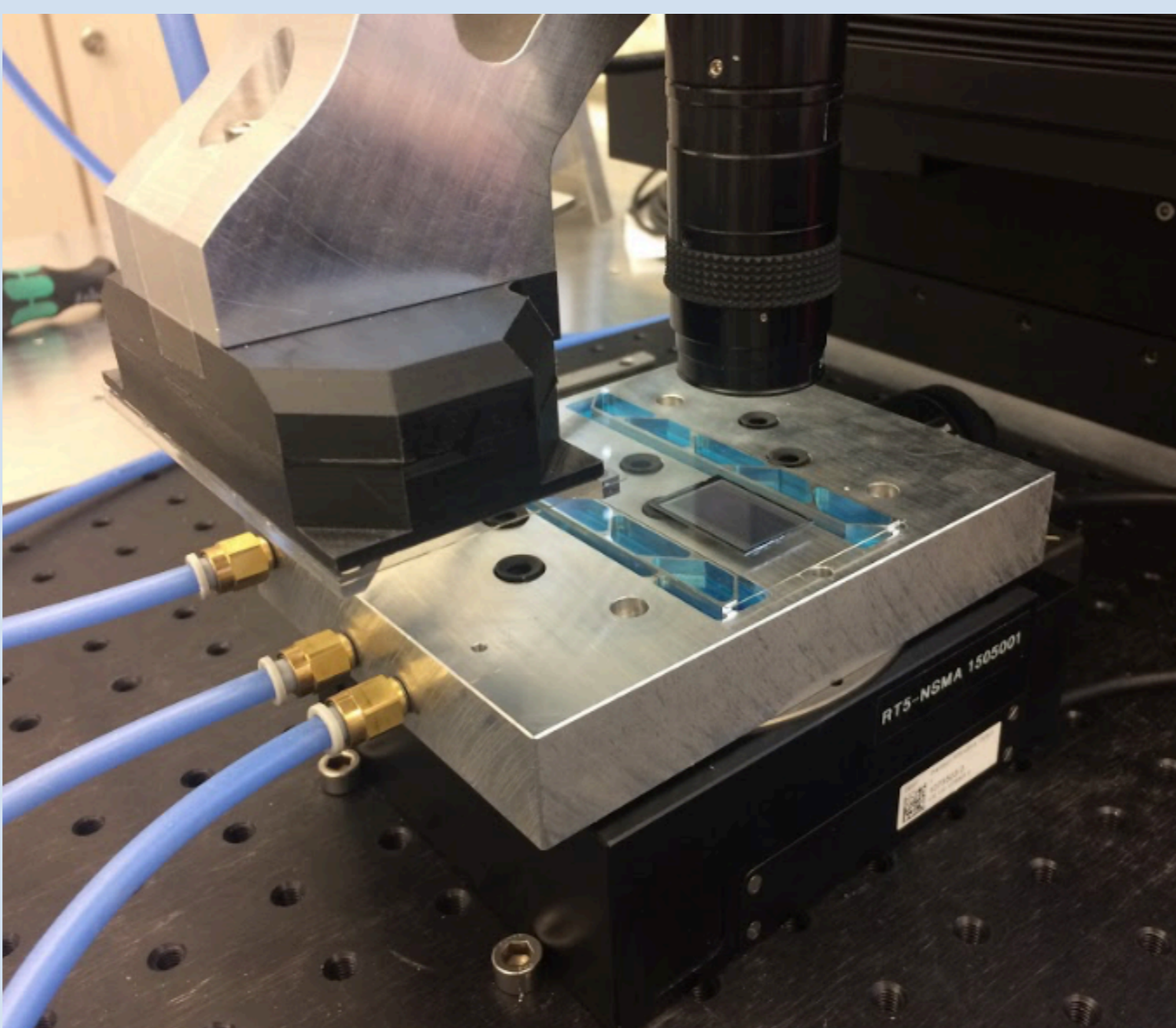


Precision motion stages

- 5 μ m in X-Y-Z
- 175 μ rad in angle

High-resolution camera

- acquires images to locate components



Vacuum handling

- 5 μ m precision in X-Y-Z
- 175 μ rad precision in angle

6 Outlook

- Automated assembly demonstrated-
 - Precise with fast build times crucial for CMS outer tracker upgrade
 - Further optimisation to come with more realistic module