

Search for BSM couplings in top quark events at CMS

Alexander Grohsjean

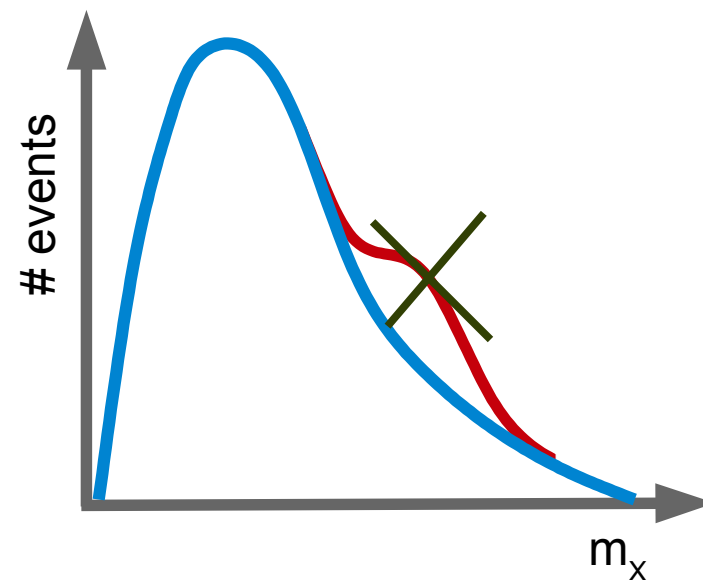
on behalf of the CMS Collaboration



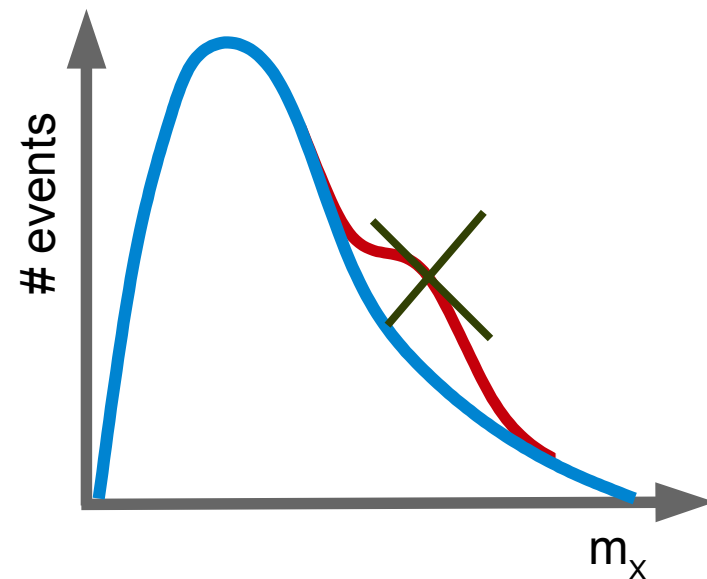
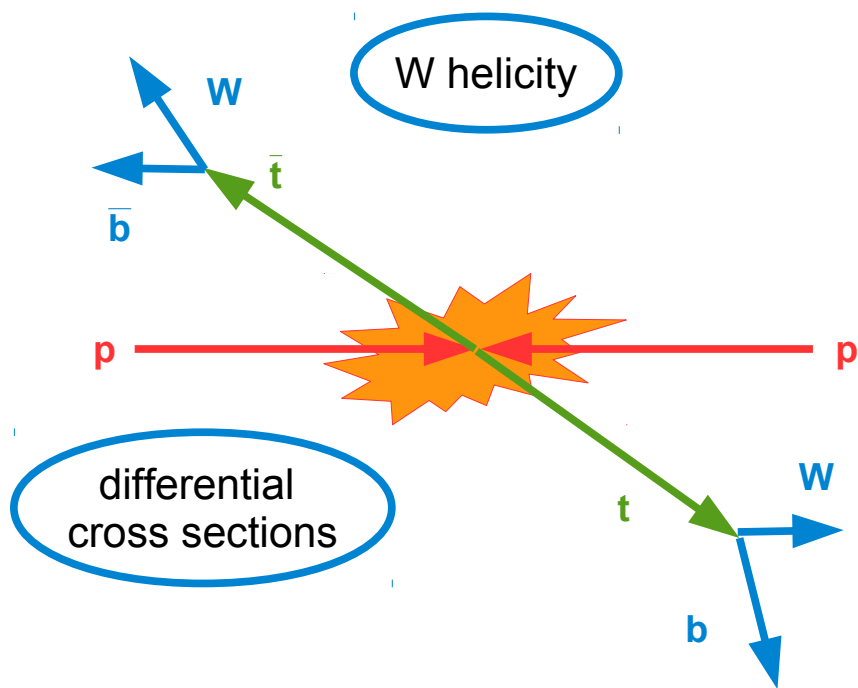
HELMHOLTZ
RESEARCH FOR GRAND CHALLENGES

Seoul 2018
39th International Conference on High Energy Physics

- ◆ LHC successfully running at 13 TeV since 2015
 - CMS collected up to $\sim 110 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ of data
- no striking sign of new physics yet

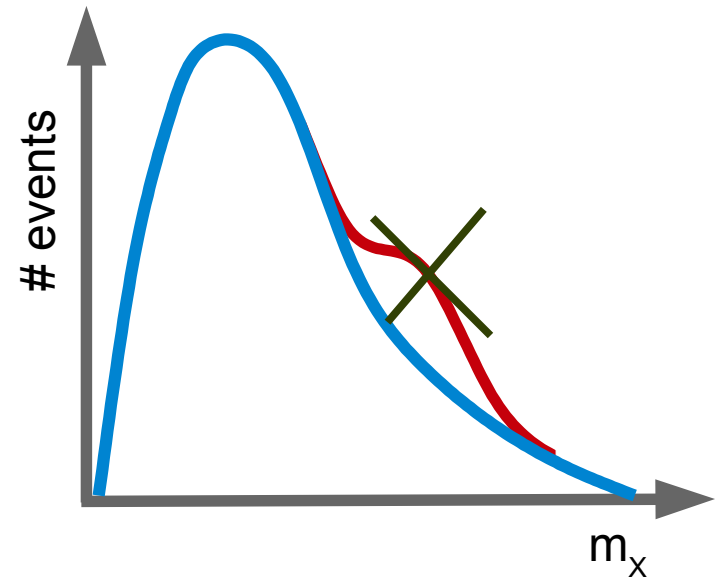
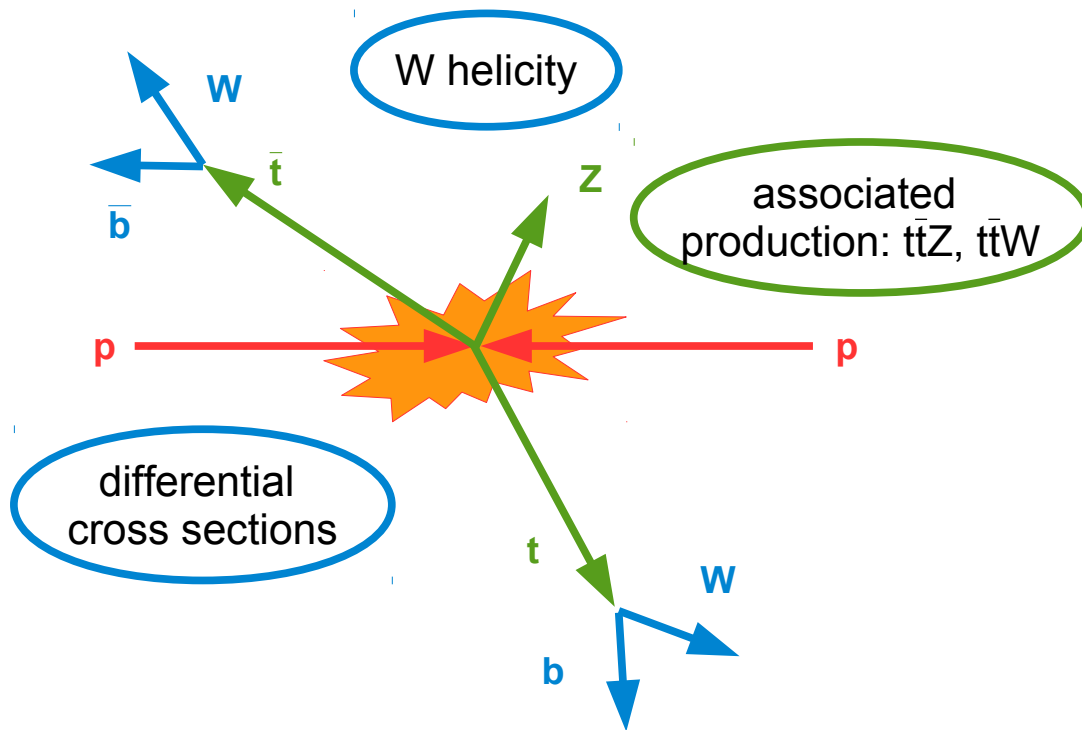


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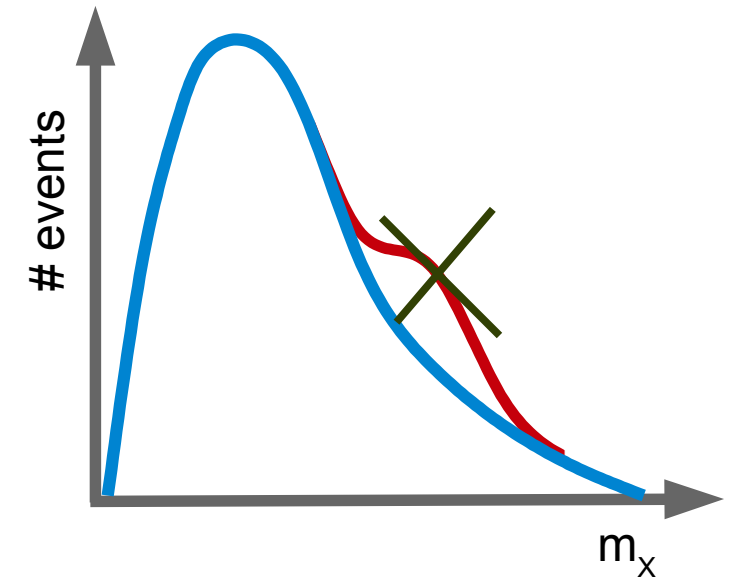
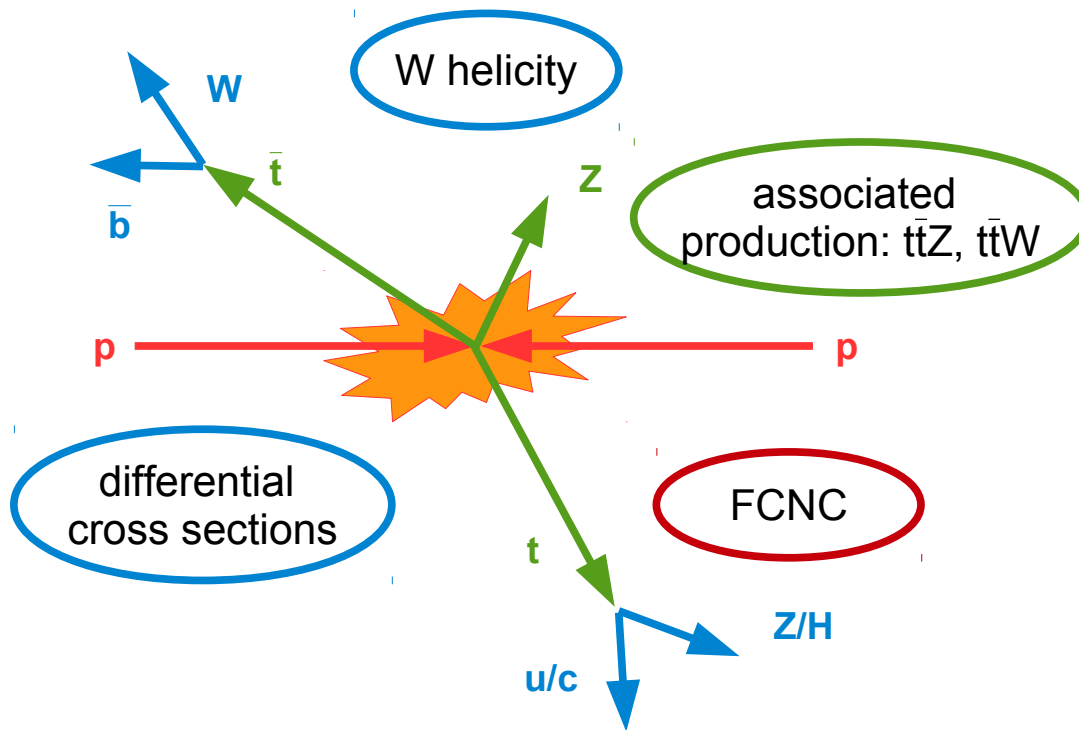
- ◆ still several exciting perspectives for discoveries
 - precision measurements

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 - rare processes

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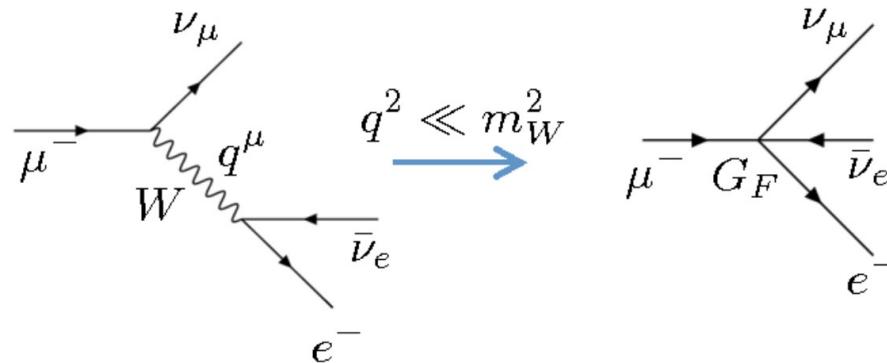


- ◆ still several exciting perspectives for discoveries
 - precision measurements
 - rare processes
 - SM suppressed processes

- ◆ assume scale of new physics (NP) is larger than LHC scale: $\Lambda_{NP} > \Lambda_{SM}$
- ◆ extend the SM Lagrangian with **higher-order operators** to model new physics at Λ_{NP}

$$L_{EFT} = L_{SM} + \sum_i \frac{C_i}{\Lambda_{NP}^2} O_6 + \dots$$

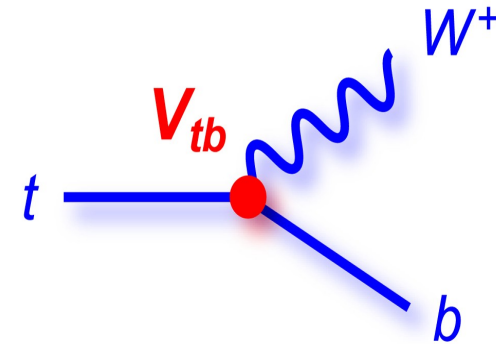
- ◆ famous example: **Fermi theory** of Beta decay



- ◆ searches for **EFT** are searches for **new interactions**
- ◆ special case: anomalous couplings

- ◆ V-A structure of Wtb coupling

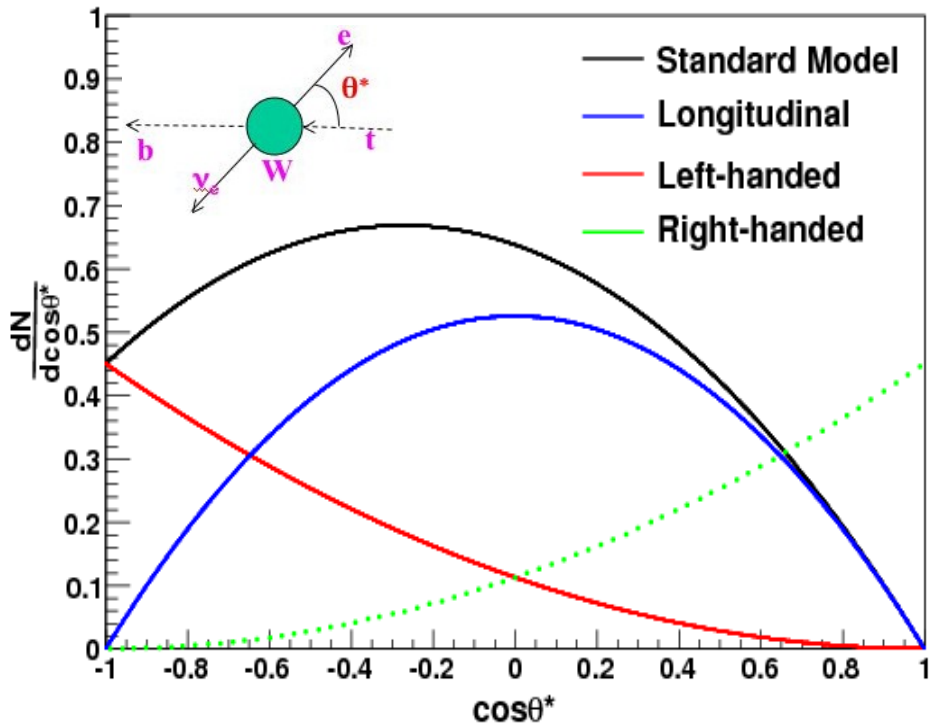
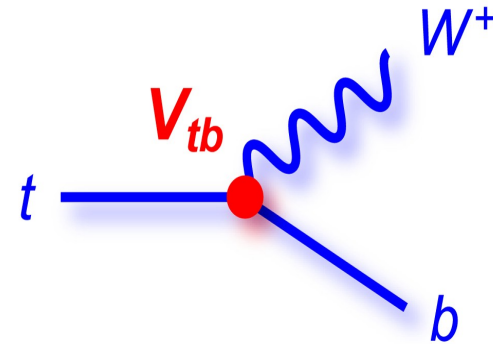
$$L_{tWb} \propto \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L) t W_\mu^- + h.c.$$



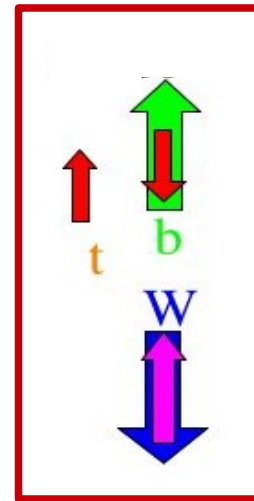
- ◆ V-A structure of Wtb coupling/V+A extension

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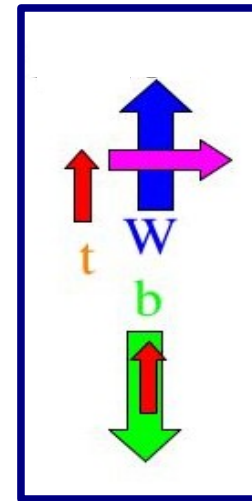
- infer from **W helicity** measurement



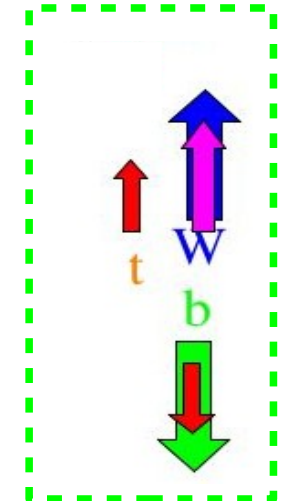
SM(LO, massless b quarks):



left handed
 $F_L = 30\%$



longitudinal
 $F_0 = 70\%$

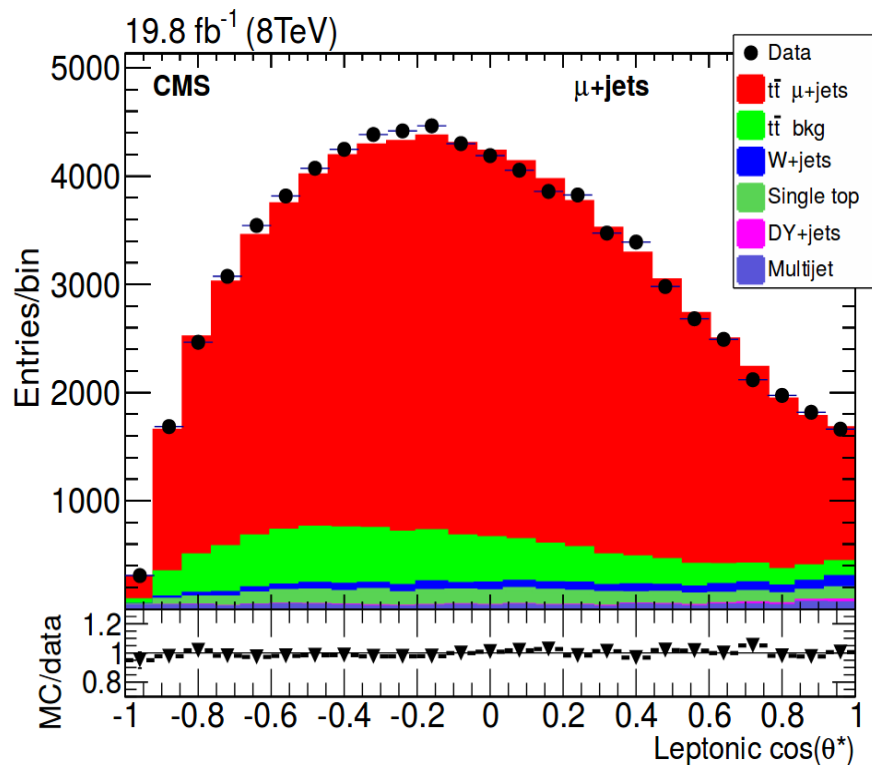
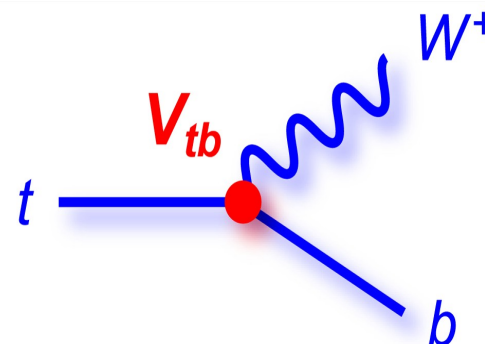


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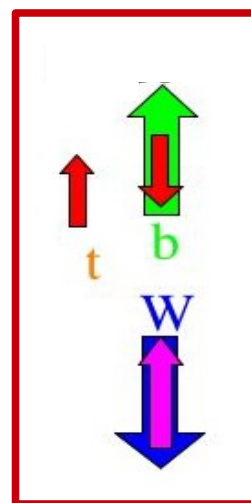
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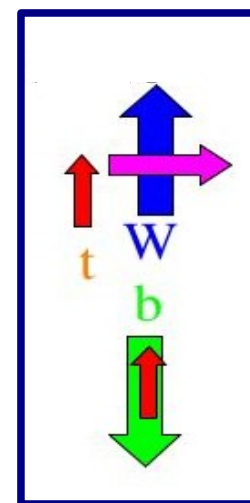
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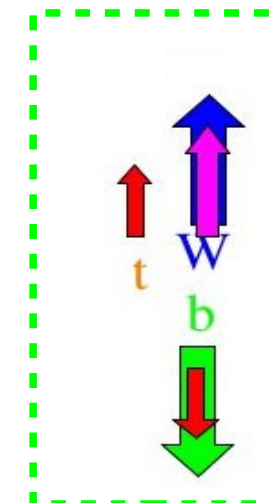
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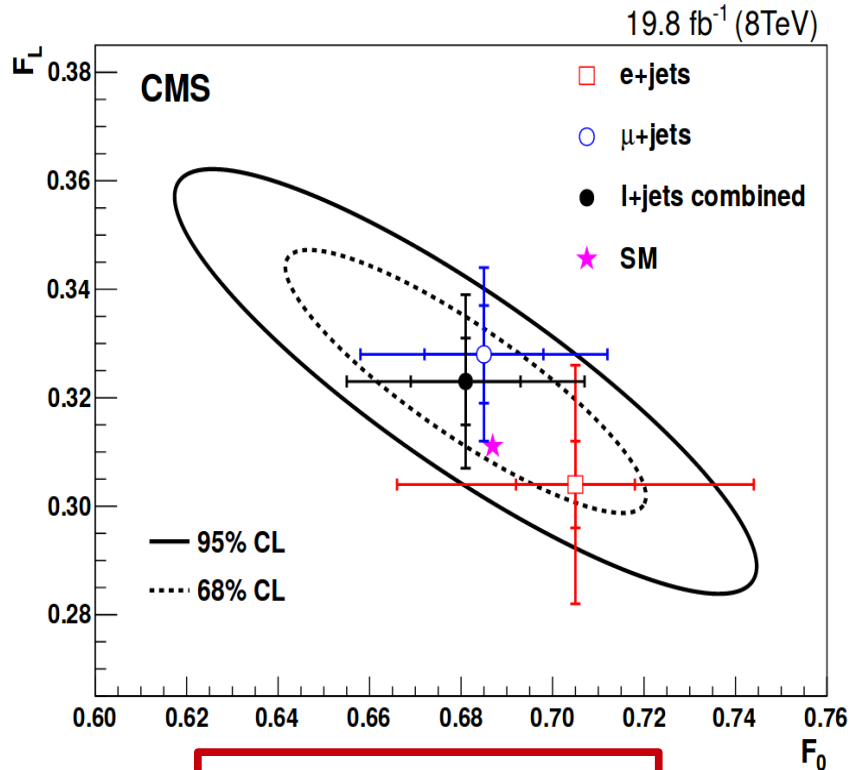
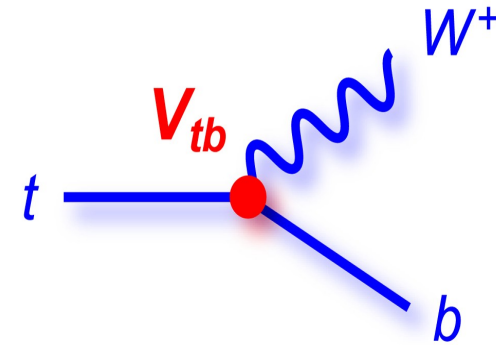


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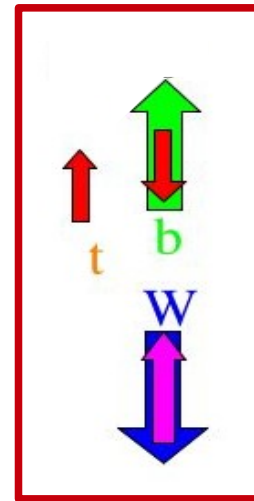
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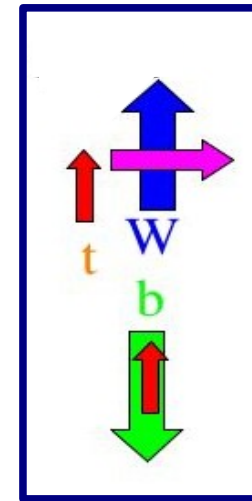


$$F_R = -0.004 \pm 0.015$$

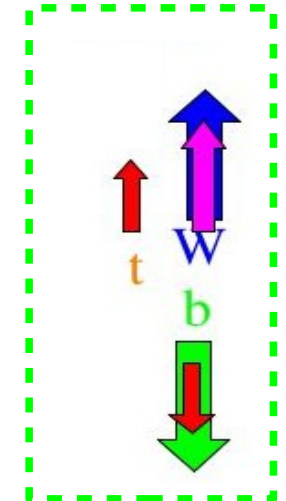
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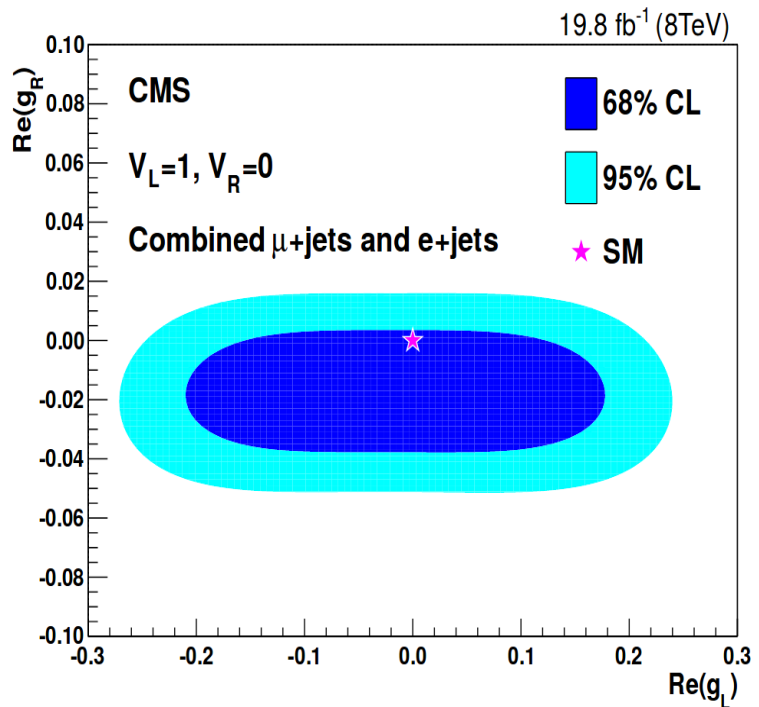
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$$L_{tWb} \propto \bar{b} \gamma^\mu (V_L P_L + V_R P_R) t W_\mu^- - \bar{b} \frac{i \sigma^{\mu\nu} (p_t - p_b)_\nu}{m_W} (g_L P_L + g_R P_R) t W_\mu^- + h.c.$$

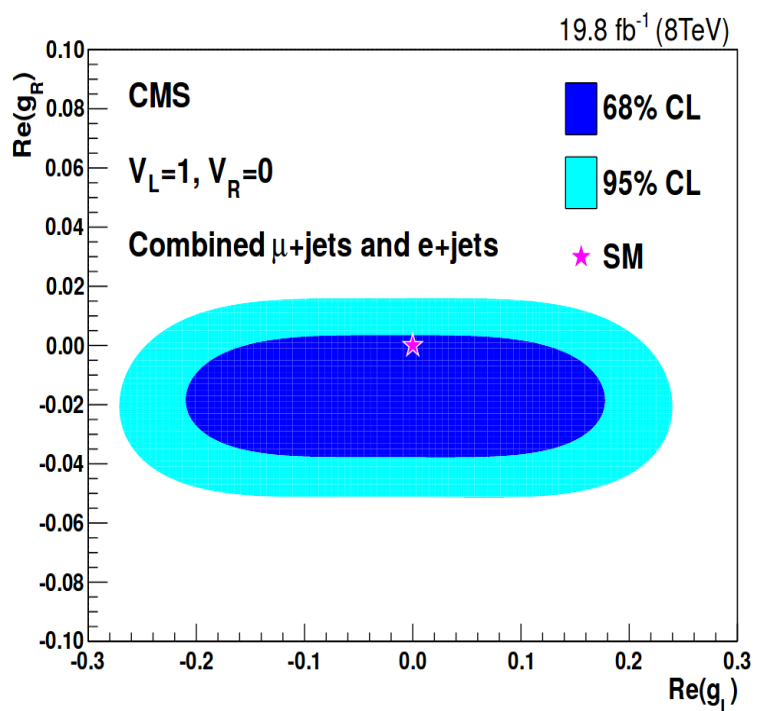
Limits on Anomalous Couplings

PLB 762 (2016) 512

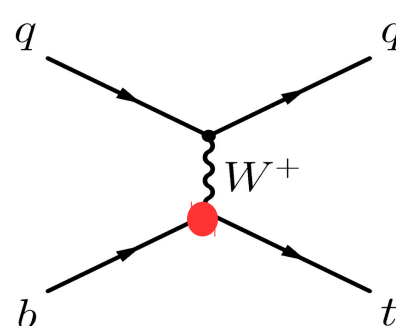
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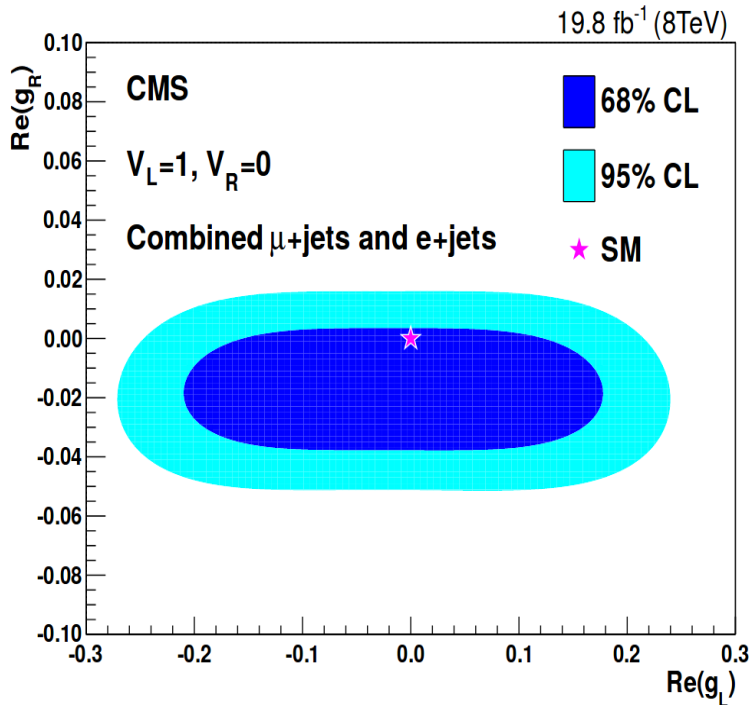
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◆ **Wtb vertex** can also be probed in **t production**

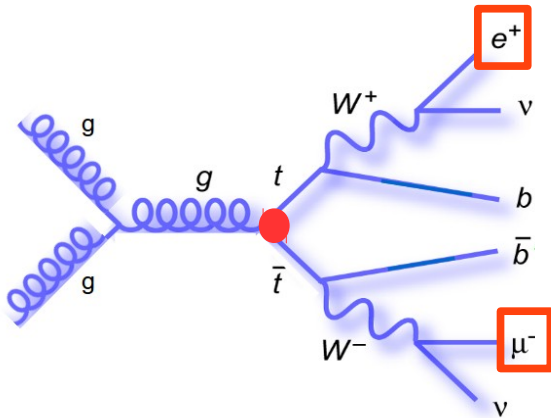


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- ◆ **Wtb vertex** can also be probed in **t production**
- ◆ use **neural networks**
 - separate single top from background
 - **enhance sensitivity** to anomalous couplings
- ◆ expected (observed) 2D/3D limits @ 95% CL

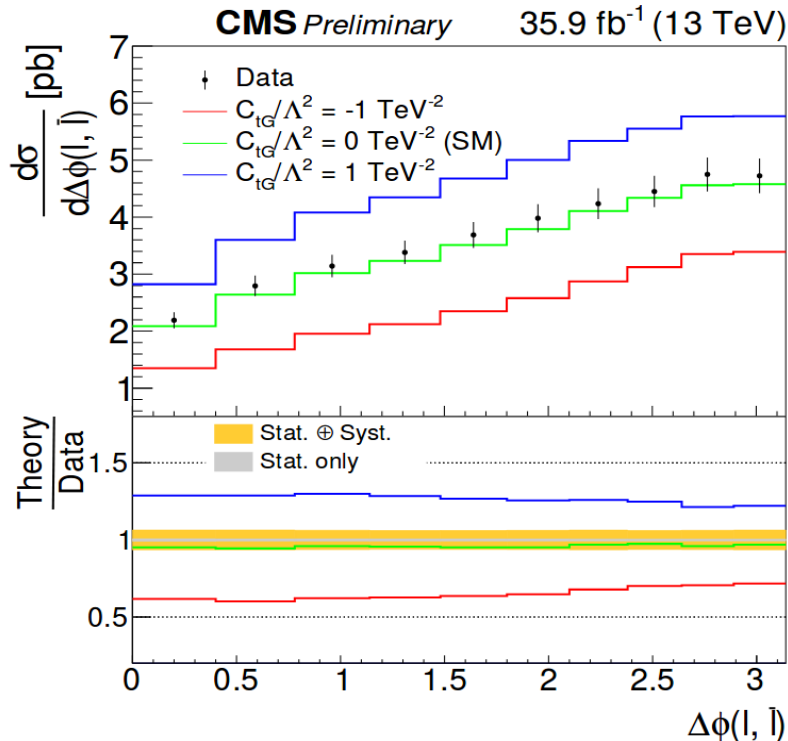
scenario	$V_L >$	$ V_R <$	$ g_L <$	$<g_R <$	
$V_L V_R$	0.97 (0.92)	0.28 (0.31)			
$V_L g_L$	0.92 (0.92)		0.10 (0.14)		
$V_L g_R$	0.94 (0.93)			-0.046 (-0.050)	0.046 (0.041)
$V_L g_L g_R$	0.98 (0.97)		0.057 (0.10)	-0.049 (-0.051)	0.048 (0.046)
$V_L V_R g_R$	0.98 (0.97)	0.16 (0.22)		-0.049 (-0.049)	0.039 (0.037)

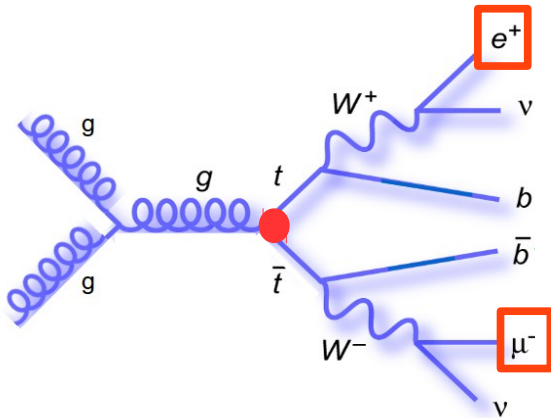


- ◆ modified gluon-top vertex affects rate and kinematics of $t\bar{t}$ production

$$O_{tG} = \bar{t}\sigma^{\mu\nu}T^A\tilde{\phi}G_{\mu\nu}^A$$

- ◆ azimuthal angle between leptons provides great sensitivity to potential top chirality flip from O_{tG}





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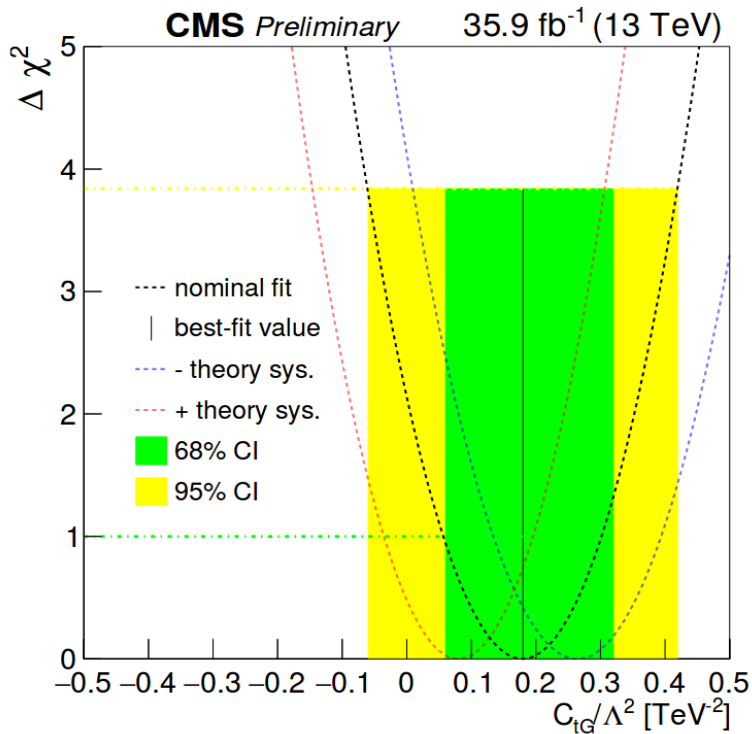
- azimuthal angle between leptons provides great sensitivity to potential top chirality flip from O_{tG}

- differential distribution corrected for detector effects, $\Delta\chi^2$ test used to set limits

$$-0.06 < C_{tG} / \Lambda^2 < 0.41 \text{ at 95\% CL}$$

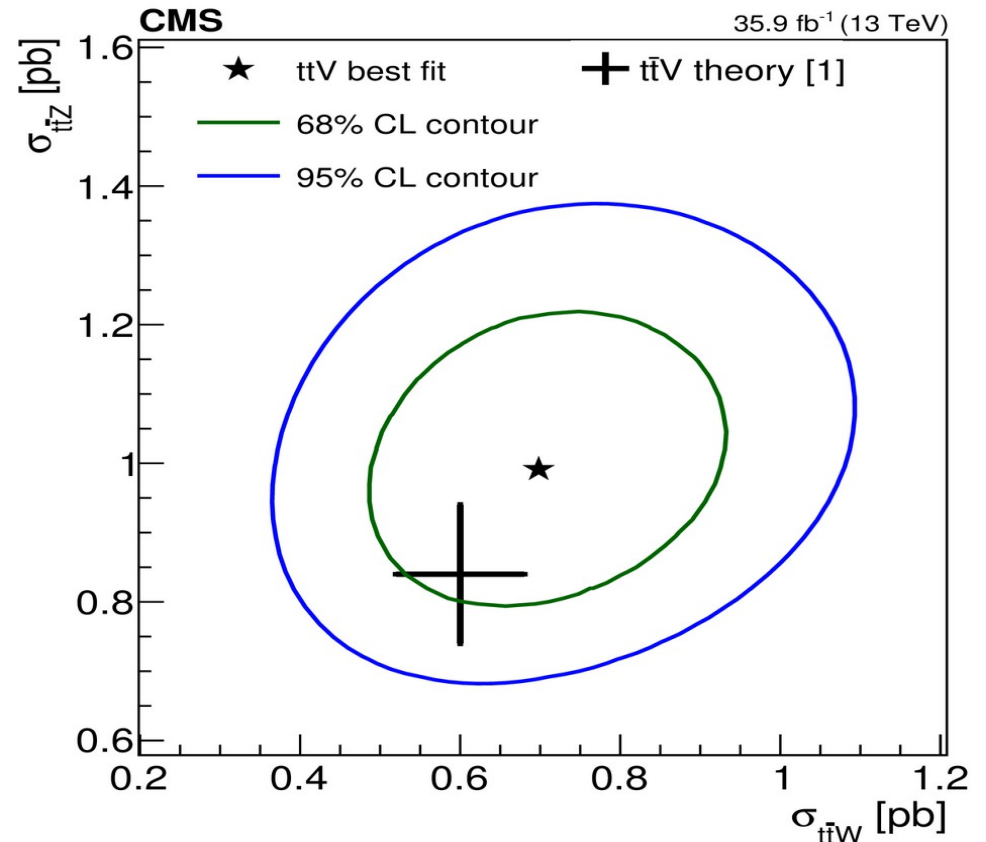
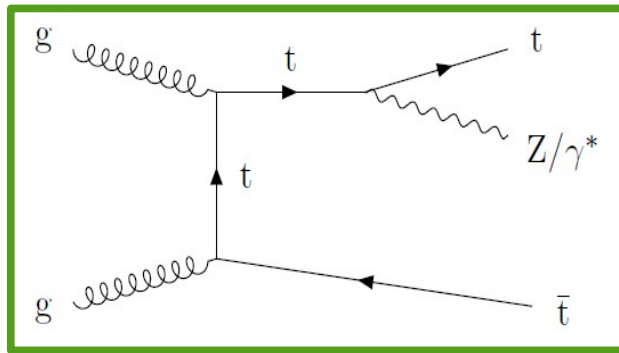
- significant improvement on existing 8 TeV constraints from CMS cross section measurement $-0.42 < C_{tG} / \Lambda^2 < 0.30$ (PRD 91 (2015) 114010)

first top quark results using EFT with NLO precision

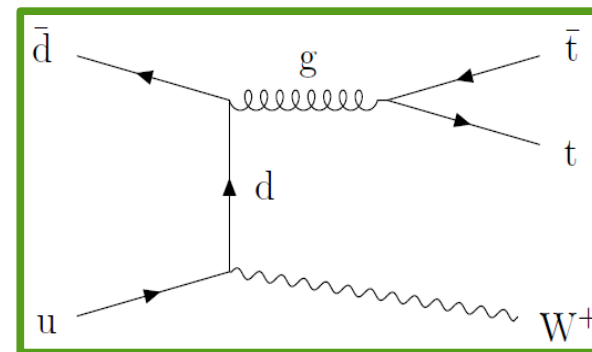


◆ measurement of $t\bar{t}X$ cross sections at 13 TeV using 35.9 fb^{-1}

- $t\bar{t}W$: same-sign dilepton events
- $t\bar{t}Z$: final states with 3/4 leptons

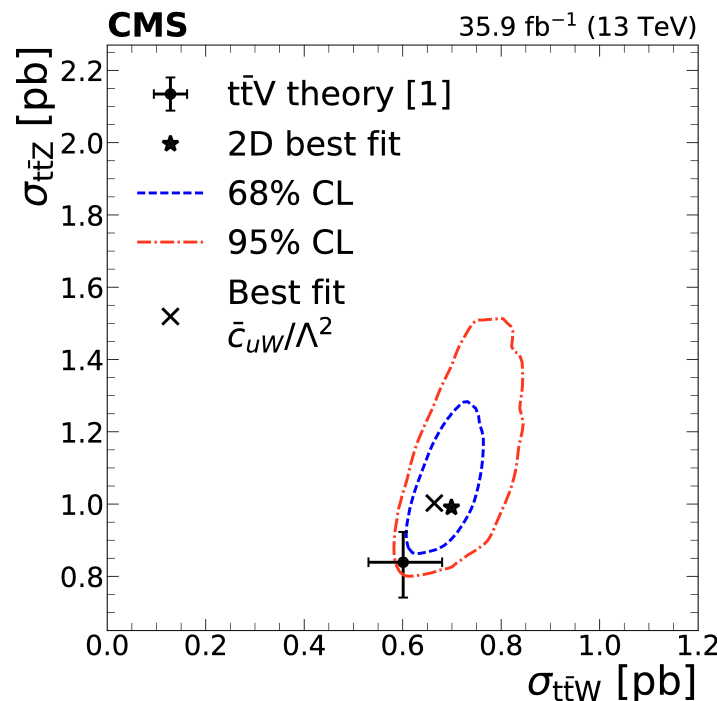
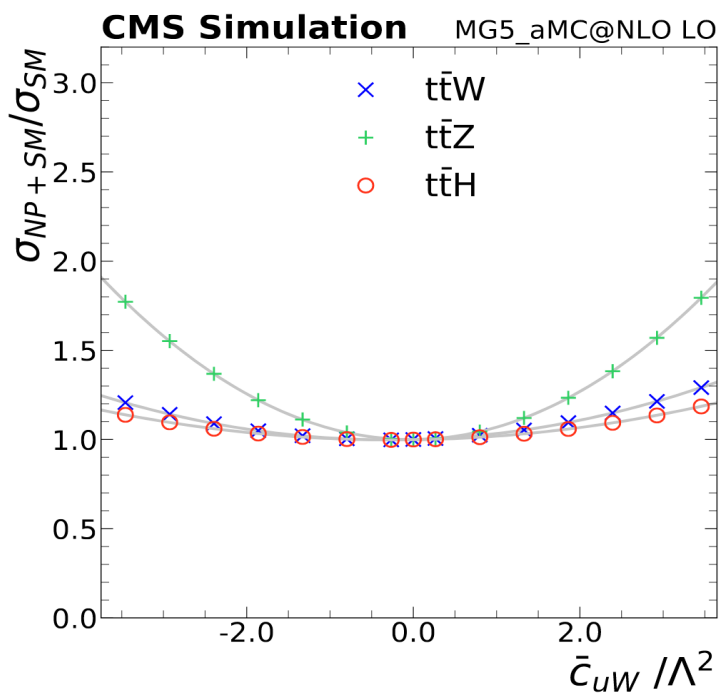
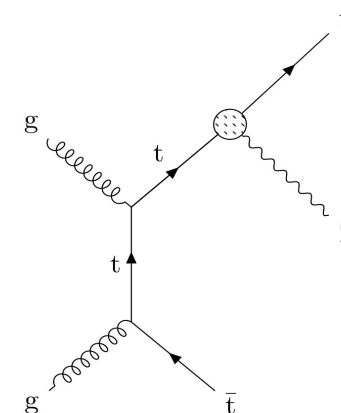


check talk by
N. Chanon
for more details



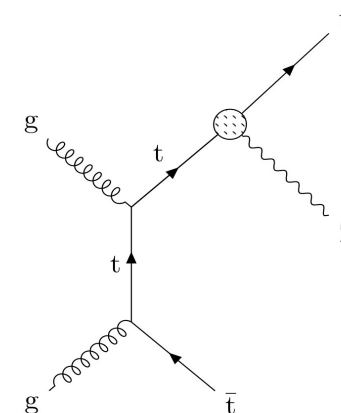
- identified 8 Wilson coefficients C_i that affect $t\bar{t}W$, $t\bar{t}Z$, $t\bar{t}H$ without significantly impacting expected background yields

- fitting one Wilson coefficient at a time:
 - e.g. C_{uW} affecting mostly $t\bar{t}Z$ cross section



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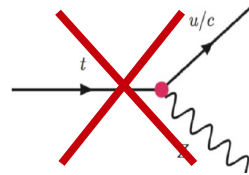
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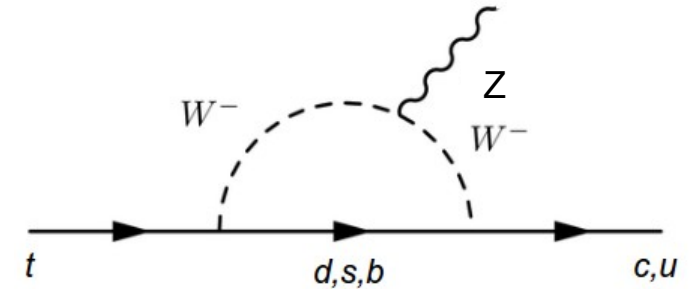
Wilson coefficient	Best fit [TeV^{-2}]	68% CL [TeV^{-2}]	95% CL [TeV^{-2}]
\bar{c}_{uW}/Λ^2	1.7	$[-2.4, -0.5]$ and $[0.4, 2.4]$	$[-2.9, 2.9]$
$ \bar{c}_H/\Lambda^2 - 16.8 \text{ TeV}^{-2} $	15.6	$[0, 23.0]$	$[0, 28.5]$
$ \tilde{c}_{3G}/\Lambda^2 $	0.5	$[0, 0.7]$	$[0, 0.9]$
\bar{c}_{3G}/Λ^2	-0.4	$[-0.6, 0.1]$ and $[0.4, 0.7]$	$[-0.7, 1.0]$
\bar{c}_{uG}/Λ^2	0.2	$[0, 0.3]$	$[-1.0, -0.9]$ and $[-0.3, 0.4]$
$ \bar{c}_{uB}/\Lambda^2 $	1.6	$[0, 2.2]$	$[0, 2.7]$
\bar{c}_{Hu}/Λ^2	-9.3	$[-10.3, -8.0]$ and $[0, 2.1]$	$[-11.1, -6.5]$ and $[-1.6, 3.0]$
\bar{c}_{2G}/Λ^2	0.4	$[-0.9, -0.3]$ and $[-0.1, 0.6]$	$[-1.1, 0.8]$

$t\bar{t}Z/t\bar{t}W/t\bar{t}H$ provide great complementary sensitivity to several EFT operators

- ◆ forbidden at tree level in SM



- ◆ suppressed by GIM mechanism at higher orders



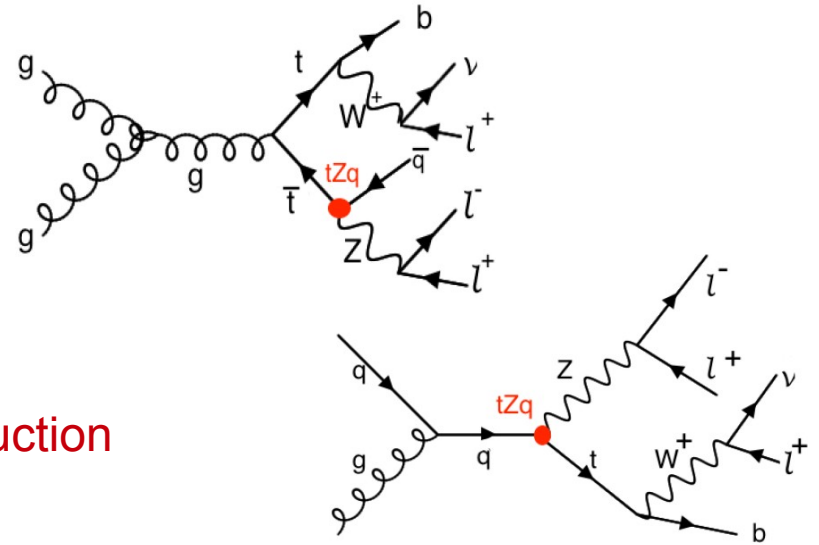
- ◆ many BSM models predict sizable FCNC branching fraction

	SM	2HDM FC / FV	MSSM / w. RPV	RS
BR($t \rightarrow cg$)	10^{-12}	$10^{-8} / 10^{-4}$	$10^{-7} / 10^{-6}$	10^{-10}
BR($t \rightarrow cZ$)	10^{-14}	$10^{-10} / 10^{-6}$	$10^{-7} / 10^{-6}$	10^{-5}
BR($t \rightarrow c\gamma$)	10^{-14}	$10^{-9} / 10^{-7}$	$10^{-8} / 10^{-9}$	10^{-9}
BR($t \rightarrow cH$)	10^{-15}	$10^{-5} / 10^{-3}$	$10^{-5} / 10^{-9}$	10^{-4}

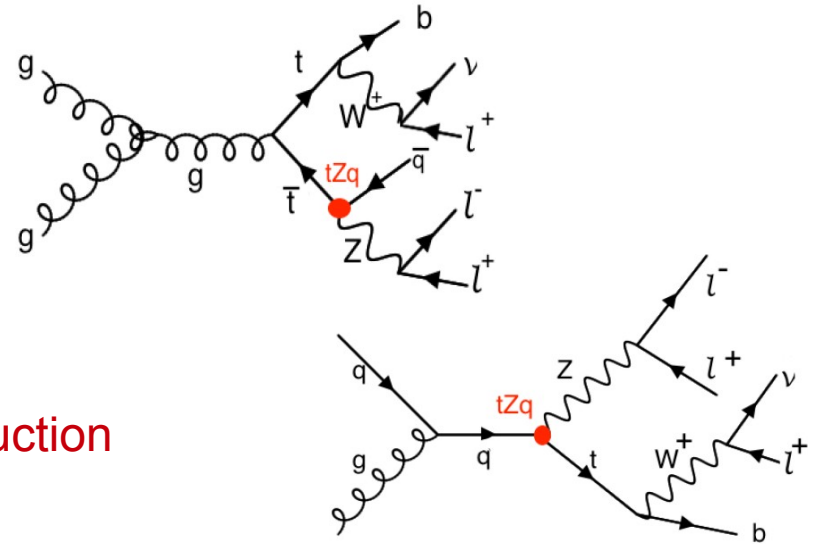
arXiv:1311.2028

- ◆ large variety of searches for enhanced couplings of top quarks to u/c quarks via g , Z , γ , H in top production and decay

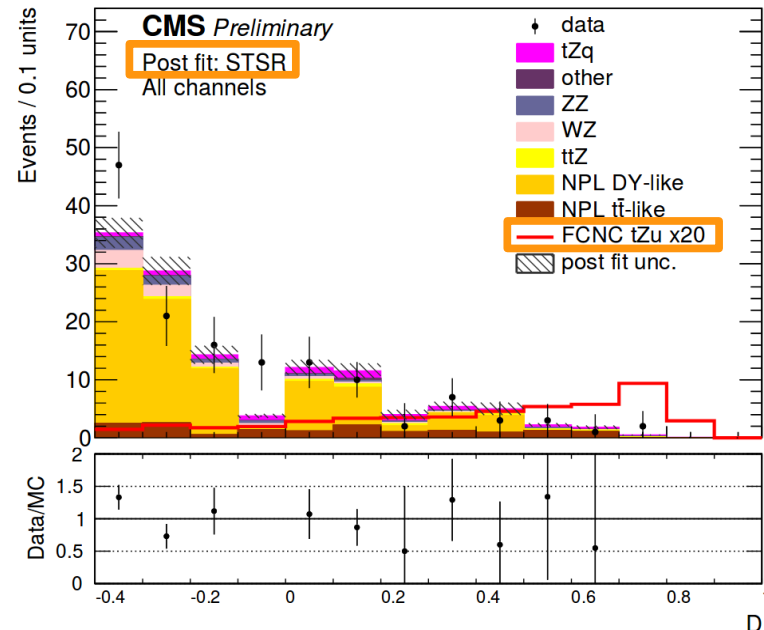
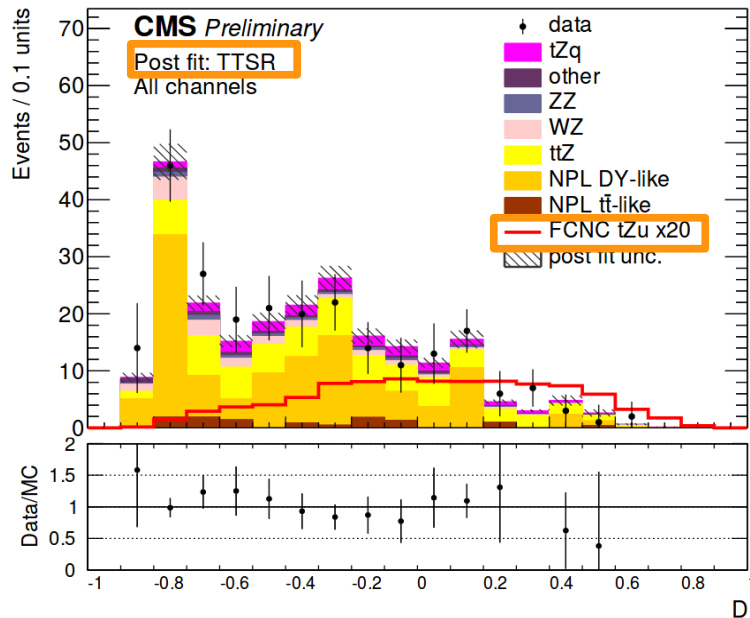
- ◆ search for **Z mediated FCNC** in **$t\bar{t}$ decay** and **single top production** at 13 TeV using 35.9 fb^{-1}
- ◆ signature: **3 leptons**, one Z candidate, ≥ 1 b-jet
 - two signal regions (SR):
 - 2-3 jets** for $t \rightarrow Zq$ decay and **1 jet** for tZq production



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- ◆ use **BDT** to separate $t \rightarrow Zu$ ($t \rightarrow Zc$) from **background** for $t\bar{t}$ SR (left) and single top SR (right)

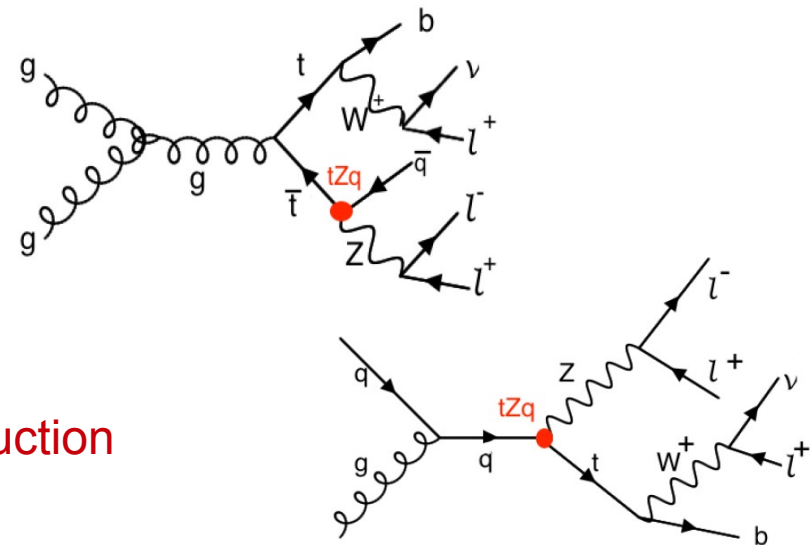


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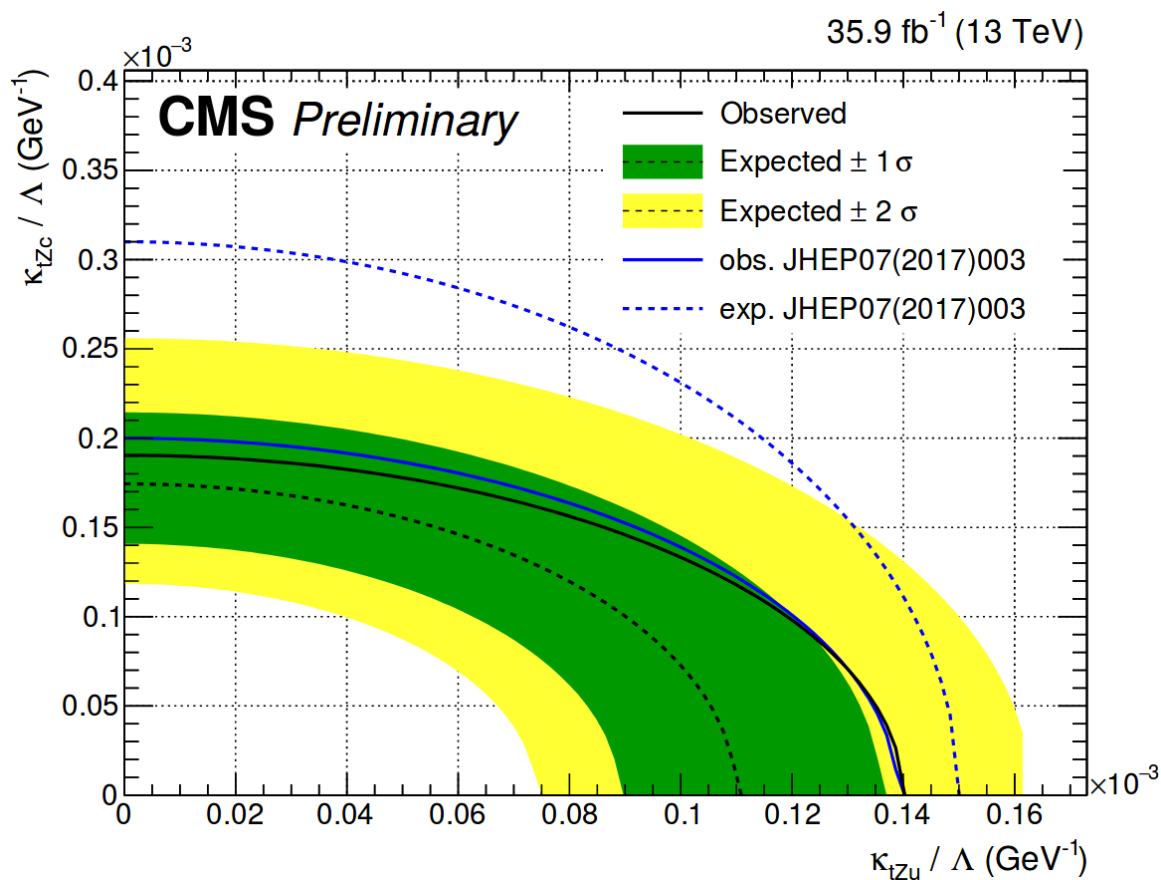
- ◆ expected (observed) limits on branching ratios

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow Zu) < 0.024 \text{ (0.015) \%}$$

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow Zc) < 0.045 \text{ (0.037) \%}$$

- ◆ set limits on trilinear top-quark-boson couplings

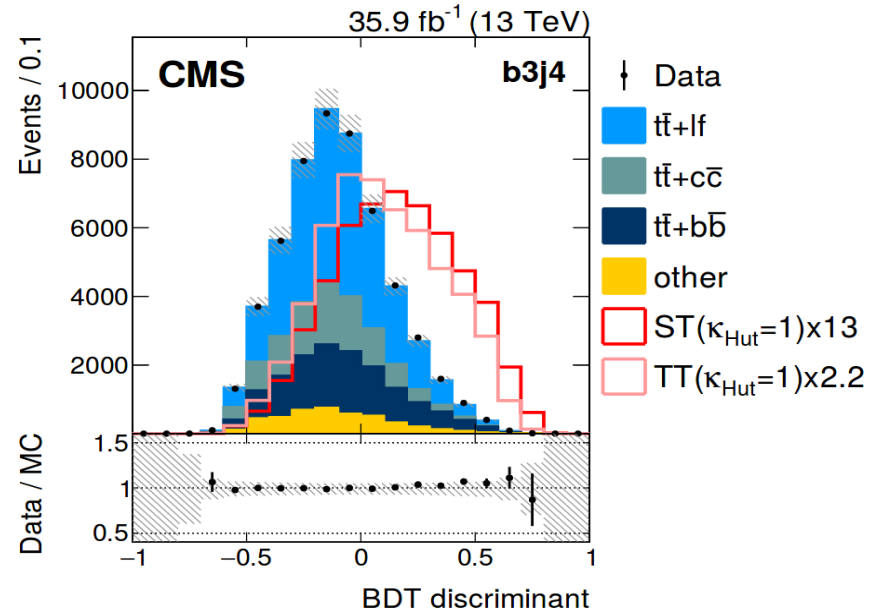
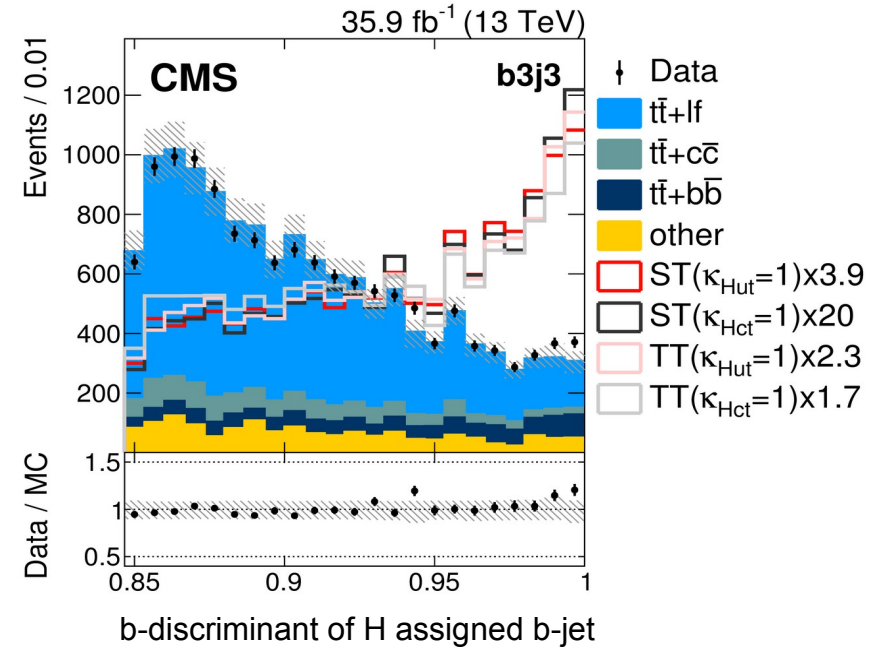
$$L = \sum_{q=u,c} \frac{g}{\sqrt{2}c_W} \frac{\kappa_{tZq}}{\Lambda} \bar{t} \sigma^{\mu\nu} (f_{Zq}^L P_L + f_{Zq}^R P_R) q Z_{\mu\nu}$$



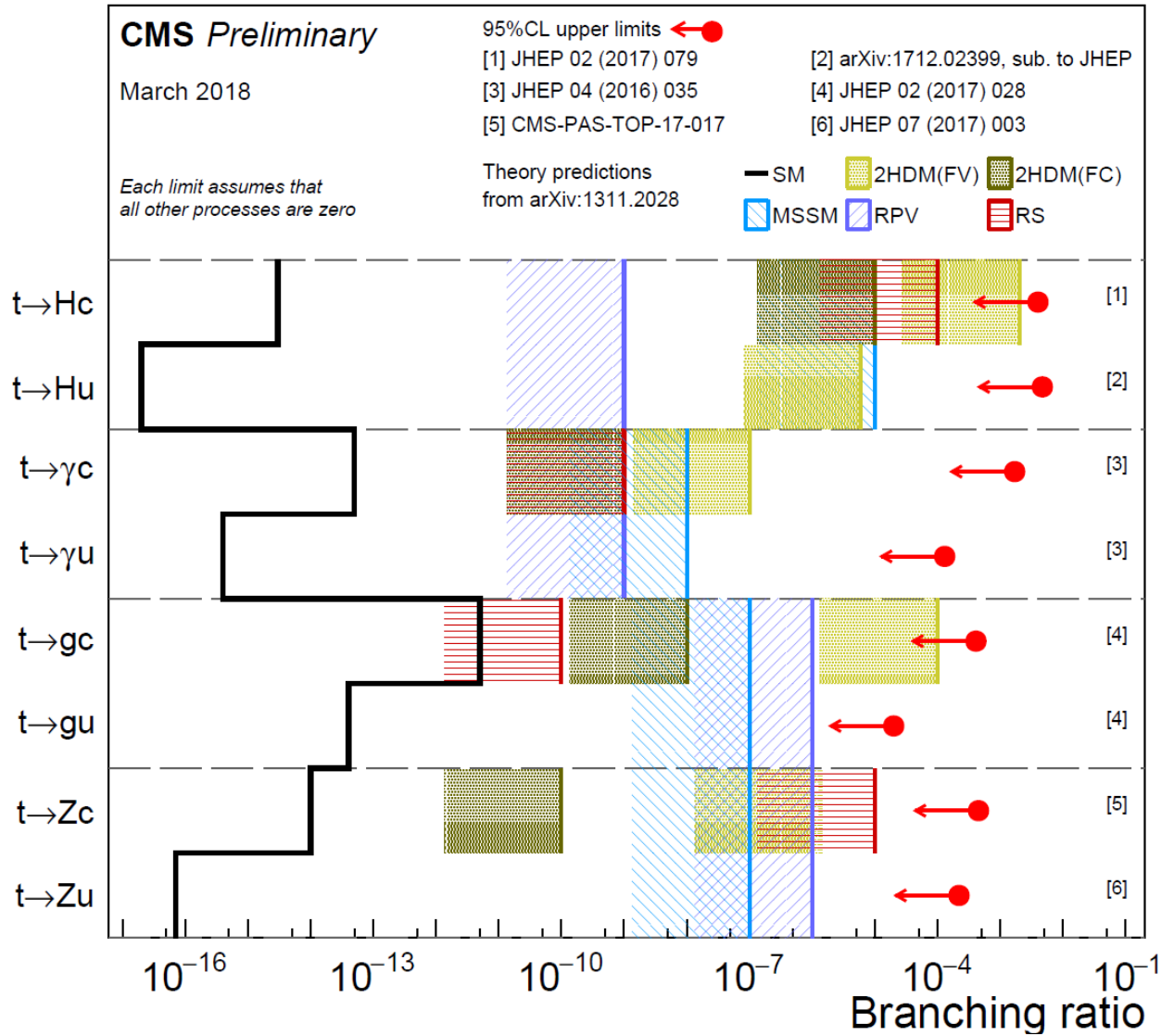
significant improvement compared to 8 TeV result

- ◆ search for **Higgs FCNC** at 13 TeV using 35.9 fb⁻¹
 - explore single lepton events in jet/bjet categories
- ◆ **staggered BDT** approach
 - assign b-jets to initial either top or Higgs: ~75% correct assignment
 - discriminate $t \rightarrow H u/t \rightarrow H c$ from backgrounds
- ◆ expected (observed) limits on branching ratios

$BR(t \rightarrow H u) < 0.47(0.34) \%$
 $BR(t \rightarrow H c) < 0.47(0.44) \%$

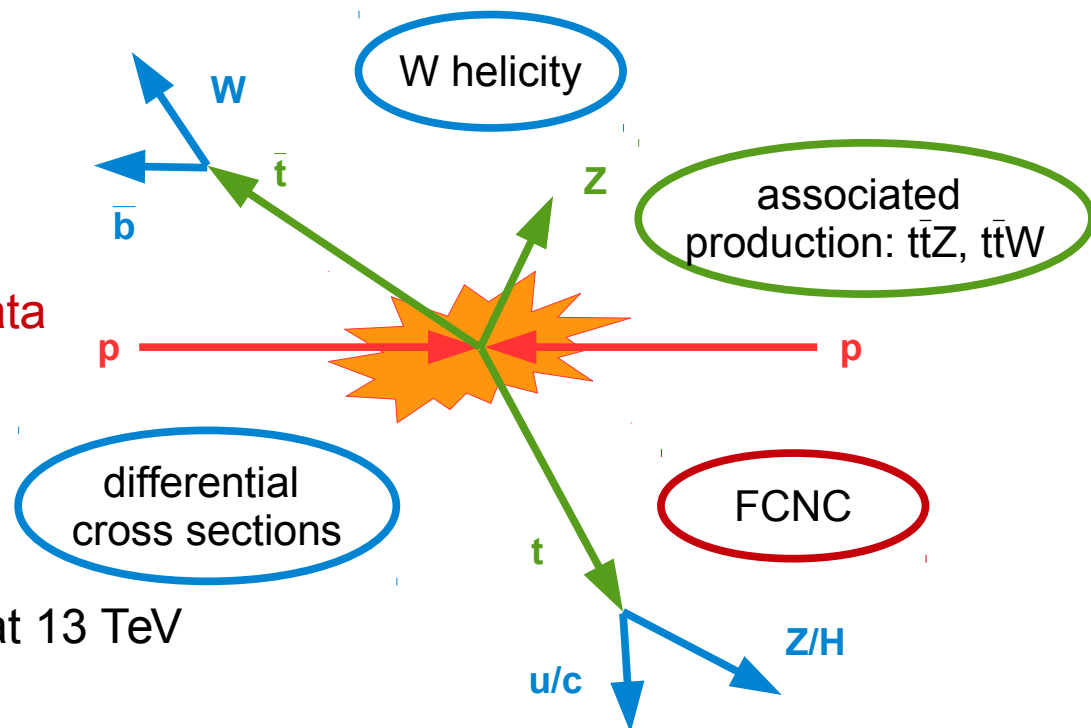


Limits on BSM Models of FCNC



start probing models predicting highest branching fractions

- ◆ **top quarks** provide several interesting opportunities to search for **new physics**
- ◆ most presented results based on **2016 data**
 - **factor 4 more** collisions to analyze during **Run 2**
 - few challenging top property measurements still to be published at 13 TeV
- ◆ **measurements** often **interpreted** in terms of anomalous couplings
 - consistent transition to theoretically better defined **EFT** just started
 - first results using **NLO** predictions already available
- ◆ large **FCNC** program during LHC Run 2
 - results already **surpassing** results at **7/8 TeV**
 - several **more channels** still to explore





◆ measurement of $t\bar{t}X$ cross sections at 13 TeV using 35.9 fb^{-1}

- $t\bar{t}W$ from **same-sign dilepton** events
- $t\bar{t}Z$ from final states with **3 and 4 leptons**

◆ split events according to **number of jets** and **b-tagged jets**

◆ train **BDT** for same-sign dilepton events (“D”) to separate $t\bar{t}W$ from **non-prompt leptons**

◆ fit across categories to extract $\sigma_{t\bar{t}W}$ VS $\sigma_{t\bar{t}Z}$

