Determination and application of TMDs obtained by the Parton Branching method

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November, 2018



Outline

- \circ Parton Branching (PB) method
- \circ TMD determination and validation
- TMD fit to data
- \circ Application to LHC processes
- Summary and conclusions

TMDs

- small momentum transfer
- small-x
- high energy limit

Parton Branching method

- Novel method to solve the TMD evolution equation
- fully exclusive solution
- valid at LO, NLO and NNLO

Parton Branching method and TMDs

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Parton Branching method

- PB evolution equation:

$$Q^{2} \frac{\partial \hat{f}_{a}(x, Q^{2})}{\partial Q^{2}} = \sum_{b} \int_{x}^{z_{\text{max}}} dz \ P^{R}_{ab}\left(z, \alpha_{s}(Q^{2}_{r})\right) \hat{f}_{b}\left(\frac{x}{z}, Q^{2}\right) - \hat{f}_{a}(x, Q^{2}) \sum_{b} \int_{0}^{z_{\text{max}}} dz \ z P^{R}_{ba}\left(z, \alpha_{s}(Q^{2}_{r})\right)$$

- z_{max} separates the resolvable and non-resolvable phase space regions - non-resolvable solution \Rightarrow Sudakov factor:

$$\Delta_{a}(Q^{2}, Q_{0}^{2}) \equiv \exp\left[-\sum_{b} \int_{Q_{0}^{2}}^{Q^{2}} \frac{dQ'^{2}}{Q'^{2}} \int_{0}^{z_{\max}} dz \ z P_{ba}^{R}\left(z, \alpha_{s}(Q_{r}'^{2})\right)\right]$$

Parton Branching method

 \circ evolution equation, integral form:

$$\hat{f}_{a}(x, Q^{2}) = \hat{f}_{a}(x, Q_{0}^{2}) \Delta_{a}(Q^{2}, Q_{0}^{2}) + + \int_{Q_{0}^{2}}^{Q^{2}} \frac{dQ'^{2}}{Q'^{2}} \frac{\Delta_{a}(Q^{2}, Q_{0}^{2})}{\Delta_{a}(Q'^{2}, Q_{0}^{2})} \int_{x}^{z_{\max}} dz \sum_{b} P_{ba}^{R}\left(z, \alpha_{s}(Q_{r}'^{2})\right) \hat{f}_{b}(\frac{x}{z}, Q'^{2})$$

 \circ iterative solution:

$$\hat{f}_{a}^{(0)}(x,Q^{2}) = \hat{f}_{a}(x,Q_{0}^{2})\Delta_{a}(Q^{2},Q_{0}^{2})$$

$$\hat{f}_{a}^{(1)}(x,Q^{2}) = \hat{f}_{a}(x,Q_{0}^{2})\Delta_{a}(Q^{2},Q_{0}^{2}) +$$

$$\int_{Q_{0}^{2}}^{Q^{2}} \frac{dQ'^{2}}{Q'^{2}} \frac{\Delta_{a}(Q^{2},Q_{0}^{2})}{\Delta_{a}(Q'^{2},Q_{0}^{2})} \int_{x}^{z_{\max}} dz \sum_{b} P_{ba}^{R}(z,\alpha_{s}) \hat{f}_{b}(\frac{x}{z},Q_{0}^{2})\Delta_{b}(Q'^{2},Q_{0}^{2})$$

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 \circ example: first iteration, a, b = g

$$\hat{f}_{g}^{(1)}(x, Q^{2}) = \hat{f}_{g}(x, Q_{0}^{2})\Delta_{g}(Q^{2}, Q_{0}^{2}) + + \int_{Q_{0}^{2}}^{Q^{2}} \frac{dQ'^{2}}{Q'^{2}} \frac{\Delta_{g}(Q^{2}, Q_{0}^{2})}{\Delta_{g}(Q'^{2}, Q_{0}^{2})} \int_{x}^{z_{\max}} dz P_{gg}^{R}(z, \alpha_{s}) \hat{f}_{g}(\frac{x}{z}, Q_{0}^{2})\Delta_{g}(Q'^{2}, Q_{0}^{2})$$

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PB iterative solution:

- kinematics of the splittings is known
- cumulative k_T of the branchings \Rightarrow TMD
- physics \rightarrow evolution variables to splitting kinematics mapping

Validation with QCDnum at NLO



- z_{max} large \Rightarrow good agreement!

Mapping $z, p_T \rightarrow Q, Q_r$



Mapping $z, p_T \rightarrow Q, Q_r$

 \circ renormalization scale at the splitting vertex Q_r :

 $Q_r = Q$ $Q_r = p_T$ (under the aforementioned coherence assumption)



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DIS measurements from HERA I+IIkinematic range:

 $3.5 < Q^2 < 50000 \,{
m GeV}^2$, $4 \cdot 10^5 < x < 0.65$

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- store the TMD in a grid for later use

(TMDlib, complementary slides)

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 \Rightarrow First TMD fit to precision data!

Parton density uncertainty sources

• experimental uncertainty \rightarrow Hessian method $\Delta \chi^2 = 1$ • model dependence \rightarrow b, c masses at Q_0

 $+ Q_r$ threshold for set 2



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- set 2 disagrees at small x for inclusive charm

Details

- F. Hautmann, H. Jung, A. Lelek, V. Radescu, and R. Zlebcik. Soft-gluon resolution scale in QCD evolution equations. Phys. Lett., B772:446451, 2017

- F. Hautmann, H. Jung, A. Lelek, V. Radescu, and R. Zlebcik. Collinear and TMD Quark and Gluon Densities from Parton Branching Solution of QCD Evolution Equations. JHEP, 01:070, 2018.

- A. Bermudez-Martinez, P. Connor, F. Hautmann, H. Jung, A. Lelek, V. Radescu, and R. Zlebcik. Collinear and TMD parton densities determined from fts to HERA DIS measurements, DESY-18-042

Application: low momentum transfer

- $Q = p_{\rm T}/(1-z), \ Q_r = Q$



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- $Q = p_T/(1-z)$, $Q_r = Q$ - $Q = p_T/(1-z)$, $Q_r = p_T$ (under angular ordering)





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- shape described by both variants



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- $Q = p_T/(1-z)$, $Q_r = Q$ - $Q = p_T/(1-z)$, $Q_r = p_T$ (under angular ordering)

- shape described by both variants

- low $p_T^{\ell\ell}$ better described by $Q_r = p_T$





Application: high momentum transfer

Dijets $\Delta \phi_{1,2}$

- opens up the ME phase space



Dijets $\Delta \phi_{1,2}$

- opens up the ME phase space
- catches higher-order contributions



Dijets $\Delta \phi_{1,2}$

- opens up the ME phase space
- catches higher-order contributions
- \Rightarrow smaller parton shower correction needed



Summary and conclusions

 \circ novel TMD evolution equation and new method (PB) to solve it

- PB method provides full access to splitting kinematics $\Rightarrow k_T$
- method consistency checked in integrated PDFs
- PB solution at LO, NLO, NNLO
- TMD determined, no extra parameters
- \circ first TMD fit to data, including uncertainty band
 - TMD evolution implemented in xFitter
- \circ application to LHC processes:
- DY low p_T spectrum without extra parameters
- dijet $\Delta \phi_{1,2}$: TMD enhances ME phase space
- dijet $\Delta\phi_{1,2}:$ PS correction drastically reduced \Rightarrow TMD catches higher order effects

Complementary slides

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Where to find TMDs ? TMDlib and TMDplotter

- TMDlib proposed in 2014 as part of REF workshop and developed since
- combine and collect different ansaetze and approaches:

http://tmd.hepforge.org/ and http://tmdplotter.desy.de

 TMDlib: a library of parametrization of different TMDs and uPDFs (similar to LHApdf)

TMDlib and TMDplotter: library and plotting tools for transverse-momentum-dependent parton distributions, *F. Hautmann et al.* arXiv 1408.3015, Eur. Phys. J., C 74(12):3220, 2014.

 Also integrated pdfs (including photon pdf are available via LHAPDF)



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• Feedback and comments from community is needed - just use it !

Validation of method with QCDnum at NLO



- Very good agreement with NLO QCDnum over all x and μ^2
 - the same approach work also at NNLO !

MCEG: TMDs, parton shower

- basic elements are:
 - Matrix Elements:
 - ➔ on shell/off shell
 - PDFs
 - → TMDs
 - Parton Shower
 - ➔ following TMDs for initial state !
- Proton remnant and hadronization handled by standard hadronization program, e.g. PYTHIA



- Parton shower with TMDs follows exactly the evolution of the TMD
 - no (!) free parameter in shower
 - resolvable branchings and calculation of k_T defined in TMD
 - no adjustment of kinematics during/after shower